DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 182 070

RC 011 791

TITLE

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project. Annual Report for the Period October 1, 1978 - September 30,

1979.

INSTITUTION

Southwest Educational Development Lab., Austin,

SPONS AGENCY

Community Services Administration (DHEW), Washington,

D. C.

PUB DATE

1 Oct 78 / CSA-B6B-5525

CONTRACT NOTE

104p.: For related documents, see RC 011 789-790 and

RC 011 792-793

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF01 Plus Postage. PC No+ Available from EDRS. Academic Achievement: Annual Reports: Basic Reading: *Basic Skills: Bilingual Education: Delivery Systems: Elementary Education: Inservice Teacher Education: Instructional Materials: *Learning Laboratories: Letters (Correspondence): Organizational

Communication: Program Costs: *Program Development:

*Program Effectiveness: Remedial Instruction Remedial Mathematics: *Rural Schools: School

Demography: Small Schools: Socioeconomic Background:

*Spanish Speaking: Student Records

IDENTIFIERS

*Basic Skills Learning Centers Project: Louisiana:

United States (Southwost)

ABSTRACT

Program implementation is stressed in this final report of a three-year Basic Skills Learning Centers (BSLC) Project designed (1) to improve basic skills in reading, math, and reasoning and (2) to serve a target population of Spanish-speaking children from nonurban schools in five southwestern states. Section I is the annual report for 1978-79 and summarizes the year's activities, with emphasis on field services, staff training, and communication with participating schools. Covering the entire period from 1976-1979, Section II includes an overview of the project, its goals and target audience: a description of the programs and materials and their method of implementation: and a summary of the major strategies used to help the schools implement the programs. Numbers of students participating and student characteristics are included in this section. Use of bilingual instructional staff is discussed, and some problems with student record keeping procedures and delivery of services to rural school districts are pointed out. Section III covers the three years of the Louisiana Component of the project, which served English-speaking children from 45 schools in 6 parishes. Appendices contain correspondence documenting the activities of the 1978-79 fourth quarter and tabular material showing pupil progress and projected use of BSLC materials in 1979-80, when federal support for the program will not be available. (JH)

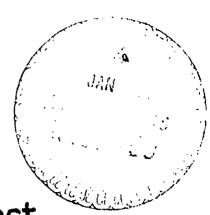
*********************** Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made

from the original document.









Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

Annual Report for the period October 1, 1978 — September 30, 1979

Submitted To:

Community Services Administration

From:

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory

-Austin, Texas

U.S. DEPARTMEN OF .!EAL > 1 EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

FIGURE TO A ME E FOR STATE OF THE PERSON OF

PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE THIS MATERIAL IN MICROFICHE ONLY HAS BEEN GRANTED BY

7 Kuruztk.

TO THE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES INFORMATION CENTER (EPIC)

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

512/476-6861

September 28, 1979

Ms. Devra Bloom, Program Manager Office of Program Development Community Services Administration 1200 19th Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20506

Dear Ms. 3100m:

Submitted herewith are an original and three copies of the Southwest Educational Development Laboratory's performance report for the period October 1, 1978, through September 30, 1979, required under the provisions of Clause 1, Statement of Work, Reporting Requirements 2, of Contract No. B6B-5525 (as amended by the July 2, 1979 Modification No. 3). As you requested in your August 2, 1979, letter to me, this report addresses SEDL's total experience with the three-year project.

Accordingly this report differs somewhat from the format utilized in all previous SEDL/BSLC reports. Section I is the annual report for 1978-79, summarizing the year's activities. Section II is a brief report summarizing the entire period September 30, 1976 to September 30, 1979. Section III is a final report covering the three years of the Louisiana Component of the project. Specific materials documenting activities in the 1978-79 fourth quarter, which was the one time segment not covered by a separate report (as per the July 2, 1979 modification), are included in the attachments.

SEDL believes that the vast majority, if not all, of the pupils derived substantial benefits from participating in the project. In addition, teachers, aides, principals, and other participating site personnel gained new insights and capabilities concerning the effective use of high-quality R&D based materials and techniques. CSA is to be congratulated for its sponsorship of such a worthy endeavor. SEDL is very pleased to have been selected to participate in the effort.

If there are questions concerning any of the above, or if we can be of assistance in other ways, please call Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky.

Sincerely,

James H. Perry

Executive Director

JHP:bd

Enclosures: (4)

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky

Ms. Rebeca R. Zuñiga

Mr. Arnold W. Kriegel

Dr. Richard E. Schutz, SWRL

Mr. Frank Capell, CSE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

·	Page INTRODUCTION	e 1
4		
I.	ANNUAL REPORT 1978-79	
	ADMINISTRATION	2
	FIELD SERVICES AND TRAINING	4
	DEVELOPMENT	7
•	EVALUATION	8
	NUMBER OF TEACHERS AND PUPILS	9
	TEACHER INFORMATION	9
	MATERIALS	9
	TABLE 1 and 2	0
	HOTLINE	1
•	CONCLUSIONS	1
II.	THREE YEAR SUMMARY REPORT 1976-1979	2
	BACKGROUND	2
	DEMOGRAPHIC DATA	2
	TABLE 3 and 4	3
	LEARNING PROCESS AND MATERIALS	4
	NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND PUPILS SERVED	
	TABLE 5 and 6	
	PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION	
	TEACHERS	
	TABLE 7	
	PHYSICAL PLAN	
	•	
	MATERIALS	
	PROGRAM FLEXIBILITY	
	STAFF TRAINING	15



	•	•	490
	PUPIL PROGRE	SS	19
	TABLE 8 · ·		20
.;	SPECIAL ASPI	ECTS OF PROJECT	21
	Clusters		21
	PPIFs		23
	Hotline.		24
		tion among Training, Reporting and Testing	25
•	TABLE 9.		25
¢.	STAFF EXPER	IENCES AND IMPRESSIONS	26
	CONCLUSIONS		28
III.	SEDL/LOUISIANA	BSLC COMPONENT	30
;	Target A	udience	30
	Program.		30
	Project	Sites	30
	Program	Implementation	31
	Material	s	32
		ATTACHMENTS	
	ATTACHMENT A:	Letters documenting Fourth Quarterly Report, 1978-79	34
	ATTACHMENT B:	Districts Plans to Utilize BSLC Materials Following Project Termination	62
	ATTACHMENT C:	Changes in Program Utilization and Percentage of Pupil Completion from January 1979 to May 1979, by Program, by District by State	74
	ATTACHMENT D:	Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State	91
	ATTACHMENT E:	Persons Attending SEDL Training by Roles, Numbers submitting BSLC Reports, Numbers conducting CSE Testing	97

ر,



INTRODUCTION

The third and final year of the Southwest Educational Development
Laboratory (SEDL) Basic Skills Learning Centers Project was completed September
30, 1979. Generated by the increasingly apparent need for children to learn
basic educational skills, the project was funded by the Community Services
Administration (CSA).

Each year since the project's inception on September 30, 1976, SEDL has submitted quarterly reports to CSA, delineating goals and objectives, plans, accomplishments, and other details of the program. In addition, following the terms of the contract (B6B-5525), SEDL has submitted an annual report at the end of each of the first two years of the project, summarizing the year's activities.

This year's annual report is submitted in an expanded format in order to include summary observations about the entire three-year project. Section I is the annual report for 1978-79, summarizing the year's activities. Section II is a brief report summarizing the entire period September 30, 1976 to September 30, 1979. In this second section is an overview of the project, its goals and target audience; a description of the programs and materials used and their method of implementation; and a summary of the major strategies used to help the schools implement the programs as well as some staff experiences and impressions gained from working with the project. Data on project participants for school years 1977-78 and 1978-79 are included in this section.

Section III is a final report covering the three years of the Louisiana Component of the project. Specific materials documenting activities in the 1978-79 fourth quarter, which was the one time segment not covered by a separate report (as per the July 2, 1979 modification No. 3 to the contract), are included in the attachments.

6)

SECTION I

SEDL/BSLC PROJECT ANNUAL REPORT 1978-79

Following is a summary of the significant accomplishments, by quarter, of the 1978-79 SEDL/BSLC Project implemented in five Southwestern states--Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas. A complete review of the first three quarters' activities is provided in the previously submitted 1978-79 quarterly reports.

ADMINISTRATION

First Quarter:

In addition to routine administrative functions, Center for the Study of Evaluation (CSE) representatives joined SEDL staff at several fall inservice sessions.

Concerns of the sites: need for more instructional materials and teacher materials, need for more time to address personnel problems related to support staff who were not trained and were monolingual (English speaking only).

Second Quarter:

Staff from CSE, CSA, SEDL, and the National Institute of Education (NIE) attended an evaluation session at CSE headquarters in Los Angeles; copies of the ninth quarterly report were completed and distributed; the revised annual report (1977-78) was completed and distributed; and two staff changes were made. Communication between SEDL and the project sites was kept open by frequent letters from SEDL to (1) BSLC coordinators, reminding them of the due date for Pupil Program Information Forms; (2) superintendents of six BSLC districts, concerning the use and non-use of the program materials, and (3) BSLC coordinators, explaining the computer printouts.



2

Concerns of the sites: details of completing Pupil Program Information Forms.

Third Quarter: 8

In a meeting attended by CSE and SEDL staff, participants discussed CSE's Spring, 1979 testing efforts; summarized the recently completed BSLC evaluation activities by CSE; and discussed the evaluation-based guidance to SEDL/BSLC staff regarding planning for activities through the end of the contract period. Communication included letters to (1) BSLC coordinators, explaining January, 1979 computer printouts (a continuation activity from the previous quarter); (2) BSLC coordinators, encouraging them to cooperate with CSE's surveys and to administer the California Test of Basic Skills (CTBS) tests; (3) CSE, with Bilingual Continuous Progress Mathematics (BCPM) computer printouts with May, 1979 information; and (4) Devra Bloom and Rosemarie Babel concerning administrative functions.

Concerns of the sites: wanted to know if, for the following year (i.e., 1979-80) they could keep BSLC materials, obtain additional materials, and have training sessions, and if SEDL staff would train individual districts and assist them with their problems. These concerns anticipated the project termination on September 30, 1979.

Fourth Quarter:

Communication with sites was maintained consistently throughout project via phone calls and letters. Basically the calls were for information, material allocations, costs, plans, and courtesy (thanking sites for participating in training). On another level, the calls provided the encouragement and cooperation that enhanced program interest and implementation. (Letters representing fourth quarter contacts and thus not previously submitted appear in Attachment A).

Concerns of the sites: would the sites be able to continue the program and how long could SEDL supply BSLC materials.

(Note: Project Director, Preston Kronkosky, visited some of the BSLC sites in two Louisiana parishes, St. James and St. Landry, to observe first hand the project implementation in a sample of Louisiana parishes, to interact with staff members on site, and to get direct feedback from those BSLC participants.)

FIELD SERVICES AND TRAINING

Field services and training included three types of training: 1) Inservice sessions provided to each cluster dealing with each district's adaptation of the BSLC programs and facilitating the development of problem-solving capabilities; 2) BSLC preschool training provided to clusters dealing with specific skills for program implementation; and 3) individual school training dealing with specific content areas and individual needs, provided on request only if additional travel was not necessitated.

First Quarter:

SEDL staff determined the type of inservice that was most needed, and decided that more direct contact and involvement of local school administrators, principals, and resource people was needed. (Across BSLC sites, those with the strongest programs attributed their success to strong administrative support.) SEDL staff contacted BSLC coordinators to verify ideas and obtain suggestions for implementation of inservice plans, deciding on half-day sessions, as these were better for principals. Host sites were selected to be convenient to other sites in the "cluster."

Inservice sessions were held at seven "cluster" locations in November:

Northern Arizona (Peoria), Southern Arizona (Sunnyside), Northern Colorado

(Greeley), Southern Colorado and Northern New Mexico (Raton), Northern California

(Tulare), Southern California (Brawley), and South Texas (La Joya). Inservice

focused on helping BSLC districts identify priorities, design alternative ways to deal with problems and weaknesses in project implementation, and learn to develop realistic time lines. Follow-up phone calls and letters were made after fall inservice to facilitate districts meeting their goals.

Plans were made for spring inservice, with projected ideas based on results of fall inservice, follow-up and district suggestions. Staff decided upon one full day of training for each type of BSLC program being used at the sites. Materials requested were supplied; spring training was planned for new staff at the sites (primarily because of site staff turnover). On-site training in BOLAR was held, on request, at Le Grand Union in Northern California.

Some districts expanded by requesting additional programs, but no new sites were added. Two districts, Coalinga and Selma, dropped out of the project; Selma returned to the project two weeks later.

BSLC staff briefed the faculties of education, mathematics, English, and early childhood at Southwest Texas State University, which had received a federal grant to start a Center for the Study of Basic Skills.

Second Quarter:

Arrangements were made for spring inservice. Spring inservice was held for "clusters" in El Valle, Texas, February 6; Northern Arizona, March 6; Southern Arizona, March 8; San Joaquin Valley, California, March 20; and Imperial Valley, California, March 22.

To ease the sites' transition following the end of the project, SEDL staff worked to enable all the sites to become as independent as possible. Materials were supplied, as requested. Pupil Program Information Forms were brought up to date.

Calipatria, California dropped out of the BSLC Project, and Woodville, California, and Santa Cruz, California dropped one BSLC program while maintaining one program.



Third Quarter:

Spring inservice was conducted for the following "clusters": Southern Colorado/Central New Mexico, April 3; Northern Colorado, April 5; West Texas, April 18; West New Mexico, April 24; South Central New Mexico, April 26.

Preschool training session plans were made for August and September.

Sessions were scheduled for three days each. Handouts and training materials for the sessions were prepared and packaged in July.

Efforts to ease transition for project termination were stressed. Transition plans were built into preschool workshops, material allocations, and present and future project objectives and activities.

Fourth Quarter:

Handout and training materials for the preschool training sessions were prepared and packaged in July. Telephone calls were made to all sites regarding material allocations required/requested for the 1979-80 school year. Printed copies of the PPIF summaries were sent to each district in July. Each district received three copies: one for the district superintendent, one for the school principal, and one for the district coordinator.

Letters of thanks were sent to all participating superintendents and chief state school officers. The latter were informed of the total cost benefit in materials and staff development activities that SEDL's BSLC Project had provided to their respective states over the previous two school years.

Letters were sent to all district coordinators concerning the scheduled preschool workshops. In follow-up calls, SEDL staff determined the number of participants to expect at the workshops from each site. To ease transition for project termination, sites were urged to send new or untrained personnel to the training sessions. In addition, material needs of the schools were addressed.

Preschool training sessions were conducted in August and September for the following "clusters": Northern Colorado, August 7-9; Northern Ar na, August 21-23; South Central New Mexico, August 28-29; El Valle, Texas, September 5-7; Northern California, September 12-14; Southern California, September 17-19; and Winter Garden, Texas, September 25-26. The first two days of the sessions focused on program content, philosophy, methodology, and management. The third day used a new approach; instead of discussion, participants worked on and made the supplementary, reinforcement, and game activities essential to program instruction. In this way teachers and aides were better prepared to begin instruction at the start of the school year.

DEVELOPMENT

First Quarter:

Extra materials were allocated to districts that requested them as well as some districts received a program they did not have in the 1977-78 school year. The Personnel Information Form was developed by SEDL staff and sent to districts to obtain implementation information from school districts.

Second Quarter:

Additional materials were allocated during this quarter. Also information regarding inservice was sent to the BSLC site coordinators.

Third Quarter:

Districts were contacted by phone concerning their 1979-80 BSLC materials.

Fourth Quarter:

SEDL continued to allocate BSLC materials to the districts and also developed a plan with each district as to how these materials\would be utilized after the end of the Project. (See Attachment B.)

EVALUATION

First Quarter:

1977-78 Fourth Quarter and Annual Reports were sent to other institutional project participants, as was information regarding changes in school district participation in the BSLC Project. A request for revision of the 1977-78 SEDL/BSLC Annual Report was received from CSA and work on report revision was begun by staff.

Second Quarter:

Revised 1977-78 SEDL/BSLC Annual Report was sent to other institutional project participants. Interim evaluation meeting was held at CSE for purpose of inter-agency communication regarding CSE's evaluation plans for the SEDL/BSLC Project.

Third Quarter:

Interaction between CSE and SEDL concerning CSE's implementation of an evaluation plan for the SEDL/BSLC Project was continued with a meeting at CSE. Main topics of discussion included CSE's Spring 1979 testing efforts, CSE's recently completed evaluation activities, and guidance to SEDL/BSLC staff regarding planning for project activities through the end of the contract period.

Fourth Quarter:

Project evaluation activities were focused on bringing the SEDL/BSLC Project to a conclusion. CSE's fina evaluation report regarding the entire BSLC effort was received September 17—1979, and reviewed by SEDL/BSLC staff members during the last two weeks of the contract period.



3

NUMBER OF TEACHERS AND PUPILS:

Despite the fact that generally the BSLC programs themselves were regarded as successful, ten fewer schools participated in the project in 1978-79, and thus there were fewer participating teachers and pupils. Nevertheless more students were exposed to a greater breadth of program materials and completed more content areas than in previous years. Table 1 indicates the number of teachers and pupils who participated in each of the programs in each of the five states. (Attachment C provides details on changes in program utilization by program, district and state.)

TEACHER INFORMATION:

Information about the training and relevant knowledge of the teachers in each training session was gathered on preschool information forms. One problem these forms revealed was that many of the teachers were new to the program, which meant that all training sessions had to be repeated from the previous year. Most of the teachers were somewhat reticent the first and second day of the workshop, but many were more open on the third day and became enthusiastic about the project. Some teachers expressed concern about obtaining materials or methods of presenting instruction, but most expressed no specific program needs.

MATERIALS:

SEDL involvement with the BSLC Project ended September 30, 1979. None-theless, a number of schools wanted to complete their sets of materials so they could continue the program in the 1979-80 school year. Table 2 indicates the number of sites in each state that used the three BSLC programs in 1978-79 and that requested materials to continue these programs in 1979-80. (Attachment D shows the materials allocated to each site, and Attachment B displays the districts' plans to utilize these materials following termination of the project.)



TABLE 1 SEDL/BSLC Participating Teachers and Pupils by Program and by State during 1978-79

	No. of	BOLaR	No. of	ВСРМ	No. of	T&R		o. of
State	Teachers	Pupi1s	Teachers	Pupils.	Teachers	Pupils	Teachers	Pupils
AZ	25	681	23	786	33	809	87	2276
CA	- 53	1232	39	1102	21	646	113	2980
· CO	. 66	1221	40	815	26	600	132	2636
NM .	69	1693	37	766	32	875	138	3334
TX	70	1975	29	909	21	797	120	36 81
TOTAL	283	6802	168	4378	, 133	3727	584	14907

BOLaR - Bilingual Oral Language and Reading BCPM - Bilingual Continuous Progress Mathematics T&R - Thinking and Reasoning

TABLE 2 Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State

	BOLaR BCPM			PM	T&R		
State	1978-79	1979-80	1978- 7 9	1979-80	1978-79	1979-80	
AZ	12	8	12	6	9	. 7	
CA	14	11	14	7	7	5	
CO	7	4	6	2	6	4	
NM	5	5	4	4	6	3	
TX	12	11	11	7	7	4	
TOTAL	50	39	47	26	35	23	



HOTLINE (i.e., Incoming WATS):

During July, August, and September approximately 60 calls per month were received on the Hotline. These calls were regarding preschool workshops, material requests, and questions on computer printouts. During the school year October 1978 - June 1979 approximately 100 calls per month were received which dealt with inservice workshops, PPIF deadlines, material requests, and program content.

CONCLUSIONS:

The third and final year of the SEDL/BSLC Project concentrated on staff orientation and training and on smoothing the participating schools' transition from SEDL support to no external support following termination of the project's Federal Funding. There were three 1978-79 training sessions—preschool (in the late summer); and two inservices, one in the fall and one in the spring. These were conducted to meet the needs expressed by participants at the end of the project's second year.

Throughout the year, communication between SEDL and the sites was maintained by letter and telephone communication. In addition, program materials were provided as requested/required. Transition efforts consisted of increased communication coupled with an effort to provide all program materials that might be needed by the sites for another year (i.e., 1979-80) of program usage. The preschool session conducted in the summer of 1979 also was oriented toward this goal. The fact that more than half the schools opted to continue the programs on their own attests to the success of the project.

SECTION II

THREE YEAR SUMMARY REPORT SEDL/BSLC Pi JECT 1976-1979

BACKGROUND

On September 30, 1979, the Southwest Educational Development Laboratory (SEDL) completed the final year of a three-year contract with the Community Services Administration (CSA) to develop Basic Skills Learning Centers (BSLC) for children with special needs. The project's goal was to remediate (or prevent) learning difficulties in three basic subject areas: reading, mathematics and reasoning. The target audience was comprised of Spanish-speaking children from rural or non-urban school districts in five Southwestern states--Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas; and English-speaking children in Louisiana. The approach used was a blend of instructional environments and implementation processes designed for the early elementary grades. This report summarizes the three-year SEDL/BSLC Project, September 30, 1976 through September 30, 1979.

DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

Children attending schools that served as SEDL/BSLC sites generally represented the target population the project was designed to serve. A large percentage were from families whose income was less than \$9,000 per year; a majority were Spanish-surnamed. Tables 3 and 4 present the percent of low-income and Spanish-surnamed children who participated in the project in each state.

The overall average of pupils from low-income families across the five states was 72.5 percent; the project average of pupils with Spanish surnames was 64.6 percent.



TABLE 3
SEDL/BSLC Pupils from Low-Income Families

State	Average %
Arizona	48
California	71.3
Coloradó	90.5
New Mexico	85.5
Texas	67.2
PROJECT AVERAGE	72.5

TABLE 4
SEDL/BSLC Pupils with Spanish Surnames

State	Average %
Arizona	38.9
California	68.5
Colorado `	44.6
New Mexico	90.5
Texas	80.7
PROJECT AVERAGE	64.6

At the start of the project, pupil achievement levels at participating schools were low in both reading and math in comparison with the national average in those subjects. Project averages for all sites combined showed that 63 percent of the pupils scored in the bottom half of the national norm in reading, while 62 percent were in the bottom half in math.

Schools participating in the project ranged in size from a total staff of seven to a staff of 147 (both in Texas) with a wide range between these extremes. All were considered elementary schools, generally ranging from grades 1 through 6, though some extended slightly above and below these grade levels. Almost all of the schools (97 percent) qualified for ESEA Title I funds, and a vast majority had other remedial programs in addition to the BSLC Programs introduced by SEDL.

LEARNING PROCESS AND MATERIALS

The BSLC comprised a learning process used in conjunction with special materials. The process featured:

- . Information Systems materials and procedures that outlined the basic skills being taught and that provided teachers and staff with information on each pupil's achievement in a given skill.
- . Learning Center Resources instructional procedures, varied and individualized, that enabled children to learn the specified skills.
- . Organizational Patterns an individualized and flexible arrangement of physical and staff resources to meet each classroom's and pupil's needs.

Except for the materials used in Louisiana the materials for each program had been developed and tested by SEDL prior to the start of the BSLC Project. Each school was permitted to use one or more of the programs, the choice being determined by the school's needs. The materials included:

Bilingual Oral Language and Reading (BOLaR) - a Spanish/English



14

program designed to develop the four basic communication skills of listening, speaking, reading, and writing in both Spanish/and English.

- . Bilingual Continuous Progress Mathematics (BCPM) a Spanish/
 English program developed to teach basic math through an auralvisual rather than a reading approach.
- . Thinking and Reasoning (T&R) a program to develop analytic thinking and problem-solving skills through lesson and game activities.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND PUPILS SERVED

1976-1977 - Identification, orientation, and selection of participating districts, schools and pupils was completed as was other project planning, but no implementation took place.

1977-78 - BSLC was initially implemented in 66 districts involving 129 schools in five states--Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas and six Parishes in Louisiana.

1978-79 - BSLC implementation was continued in 56 districts involving 86 schools in the same five states and 45 schools in six Louisiana Parishes.

Table 5 indicates the number of participating districts and schools by state during the two school years of project implementation. Table 6 indicates the number of pupils enrolled in each program in each state. It should be noted that for both years reported, the figures do not reflect a total number of different or "unique" pupils, as some children participated in more than one program. Data were based on PPIFs returned to SEDL and thus did not include sites that withdrew from the project or that neglected to complete and return the forms.



TABLE 5 Project Participants by States 1977-78 and 1978-79

Highest Number of Participating Districts Schools 197<u>8-79</u> 1977-78 1977-78 **1978-7**9 State AZ CA ·C0 *,* 17. NM TX[^] TOTALS

TABLE 6

Number of Pupils Enrolled in SEDL/BSLC Programs 1977-78 and 1978-79

Highest Number of Pupils Enrolled during 1977-78 and 1978-79 Total T&R **BCPM BOLaR** 1977-78 1978-79 1978-79 1977-78 1978-79 1977-78 1978-79 1977-**7**8 State , **6**81 AZ CA CO NM TX 14,907 16,734 **TOTALS**

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION

1976-77 - Planning and preparation. Districts were contacted and selected and preparations were made for starting Brsic Skills Learning Centers.

1977-78 - Initiation, maintenance and improvement of BSLC. BSLCs were started in the schools, preschool and inservice training sessions were conducted and evaluated. Efforts were made to improve implementation and expand the number of districts served.

1978-79 - Continued maintenance, improvement, and transition of BSLC. SEDL staff concentrated on providing training as needed and requested and on easing the transition for the schools when the project terminated. TEACHERS

The SEDL/BSLC Project was a flexible program, designed so that it could be adapted to different types of classes and school settings. Therefore, project implementation followed no rigidly predetermined pattern, but was adapted to suit the needs of each district and school. The curricula were taught primarily by regular classroom teachers with the help of bilingual aides. The number of teachers by program and state is indicated in Table 7 below.

Number of Teachers that Participated in the BSLC Project by Program and State

	l BOL	aD.	RC	PM	т.	R	Tot	al
State	1977-78	1978-79	1977-78	1978-79	1977-78	1978-79	1977-78	1978-79
AZ	61	25	45	23	32	33	138	81
CA	42	53	43	39	19	21	104	113
CO .	51	66	38	40	23	26	112	132
NM	. 73	69	44	37	33	32	150	138
TX	57	70	45	29	18	21	120	120
Total	284	283	215	168	125	133	624	584



The pattern of one teacher and one bilingual aide per classroom, while the most common approach, was not the only implementation method. Some sites incorporated special resource staff and/or volunteer aides to assist regular teachers. In the first year, a number of sites had only monolingual teachers; in the second year, most sites engaged bilingual staff in some capacity. Programs mainly were taught in self-contained classrooms, though some were conducted in special resource rooms or open classrooms, and by team rather than individual teaching.

PHYSICAL PLAN

Physical arrangements for use of BSLC materials also varied from school to school and classroom to classroom. The actual instructional environment was created by each school, with the one requirement being a specified area-individual class, special room, or space within a classroom—in which to conduct the program.

MATERIALS

Materials were used in diverse ways: remedial or non-remedial, incorporated into the regular curriculum or as a supplement. Most sites used the materials as supplementary curricula, though some incorporated BSLC materials into the core curricula during the project's second year of implementation. Materials were used with children from diverse backgrounds and with different needs, among them monolingual Spanish beginners, monolingual English beginners, bilingual Spanish/English children, and some children of Portuguese and Asian background.

PROGRAM FLEXIBILITY

Teachers had considerable freedom in using the materials. Because each program has several levels, teachers used their own discretion in selecting the components most appropriate to the participating pupils. In some cases, they presented the programs so that each pupil could move through them at his/her own pace, resulting in individualized, self-paced instruction. In



others, teachers presented the program(s) to a group of pupils simultaneously. Some classes used the materials with selected pupils, others with the entire class. The programs' flexibility permitted their varied and effective use. The project's versatility, along with the fact that teachers could determine the mode best suited to their teaching approach and to the children in their classes, made it particularly useful in serving a diverse population with special needs. Guidelines for both districts and teachers to use in selecting programs for BSLC are presented in Table 8.

STAFF TRAINING

For ease and effectiveness of implementation, SEDL staff provided information to the districts in both preschool and inservice workshops on practical methods of incorporating the project into the schools. During these sessions they gave guidelines for adoption and implementation and answered questions on various ways in which the project could be used effectively.

Preschool training sessions were held in the summer of 1977, 1978, and 1979; inservice workshops were conducted during the fall and spring of 1977-78 and 1978-79. Sessions were held at locations convenient to schools in each area (i.e., "cluster") and material presented for information and discussion focused on topics of concern to SEDL and local site personnel.

All training sessions were followed by letters and/or phone calls to clarify questions, encourage project support, and maintain open and continuous communication between SEDL and the sites.

PUPIL PROGRESS

Pupil progress was monitored through Pupil Program Information Forms (PPIFs)

These forms served as a classroom management tool for teachers, who used them

to visualize program scope and sequence and then monitor individual pupils'

progress.

In the course of the project, teachers collected PPIF data (summarized in Attachment C) four times--in January and May 1978, and again in January and



TABLE 8

GUIDELINES FOR SELECTING PROGRAMS FOR BSLC

	BOLaR	BCPM-	T&R
PERSONNEL	Bilingual (Spanish/English) teacher & bilingual (Spanish/English) aide	Bilingual (Spanish/English) teacher with aide, bilingual if possible 🖦	Teacher with instructional aide if possible
INSTRUCTION TIME	Small groups 6 - 8 pupils 10 - 15 minutes per group per day	Approximately 20 minutes per child per day	15 minutes per group a week (lesson) (4 - 6 pupils per group) 1 hour 45 min. for each child (game centur)/week
		Small groups 4 - 6 pupils per group and individualized instruction	Small groups 4 - 8 pupils per group and individualized instruction
SPACE	Area in classroom or BSLC for listening/reading oral language	Storage space for instructional materials, games, and supplies	Small lesson activity area for 4 - 6 pupils. Larger space for children to work with games in game area.
. [An overall area set aside for the lin the school, or space within a c	BSLC: an individual classroom, a special rollassroom.	oom or area
EQUIPMENT	Large pocket chart (stand or wall hanging) Cassette recorder 2 listening bars Headphones (7 - 10) Overhead projector (optional) and screen (optional) Storage space Full size mirror; large enough for children to see themselves, for oral language instruction	Filmstrip projector and screen 6 cassette tape playback units (type that cannot record & erase) 2 listening bars (group listening centers) each with minimum of 5 outlets 11 headphones (10 for children, 1 for teacher) Visual dividers (optional) Several extension cords	Filmstrip projector and screen Cassette or reel to reel tape player 16mm film projector or videotape playback unit Other classroom equipment usually found in a classroom such as a bulletin board and clock.
MATERIALS	Large chart writing tablets Marks-a-lot pens Sentence strips Clear acetate sheets Audio-visual pens or wax pencils (for writing on the acetate) Cassette tape	Colored cubes Colored shapes Crayons Beans Small rocks Playing cards Paste Number blocks Yarn Cover cards Scissors Play money Straws Rubber bands Toy clocks Rulers Yardstick Buttons Measuring rods (colored tagboard) Number line strips	Small rugs or tables Bookshelves or shelving materials Art supplies such as clay, felt and paint brushes. Miscellaneous supplies such as scissors and rubber bands. Outdoor supplies such as sand and rocks.
TRAINING	3 days preservice for teachers with follow up inservice	1 1/2 days preservice for teachers with follow up inservice	1 1/2 days preservice for teachers with follow up inservice
STUDENTS	120 Spanish language dominant requiring initial bilingual instruction or subsequent remediation	120 Spanish-language dominant requiring initial bilingual instruction or subsequent remediation	120 Spanish-language∙dominant



May 1979. The forms for BCPM and T&R sought information on dates that pupils completed various program components, in this way yielding information about the rate and percent of pupils who progressed through the materials. The BOLAR system originally sought data about both completion and content mastery, but due to the inaccuracy of content mastery data, that element was dropped from the forms in the later collections. The forms were effective in enabling teachers to track individual pupils as they progressed through each content area within a level or to track the class as an aggregate.

Forms also were used to provide a rough estimate of changes over time, specifically the five-month span between the January and May collections each year. There were positive changes each year, both in total number of pupils involved in the program and in increased percentages of pupils completing the levels within each program. Actual percentages varied considerably from one district to another, but the fact that they increased over the time period suggested pupil progress.

In 1977-78 only a small percentage of the pupils completed 50 percent of the components within each BSLC program. In 1978-79, however, a larger percentage of children completed more of the material components.

SPECIAL ASPECTS OF PROJECT

Clusters:

The concept of clustering was proposed to meet the need for delivery of services to project participants in the form of technical assistance and training. As initially described in the original proposal (p. I-25), the concept was envisioned as a unique and responsive solution to the problem of providing on-site services to a large number of primarily rural and widely spaced school districts within those states to be served by the BSLC Project. As the scope of the project as originally proposed was revised downward, the number of projected clusters was decreased, which resulted in increasing the anagraphic region covered by each cluster.

As it became apparent during first and second waves of orientation meetings that it would be difficult to obtain school districts in sufficient geographic density to warrant smaller, relatively less widespread clusters, the size of clusters was increased, with total number of project clusters being proportionately decreased. Across implementation years 1977-78 and 1978-79, the total number of clusters in the five states varied from 7 to 11, depending upon training session strategies and goals, as well as time of training (i.e., orientation vs. preschool vs. inservice).

This cluster concept introduced some difficulties into the BSLC Project, primarily because of the widespread nature of the districts within each cluster, increasing travel time from the projected maximum of two hours to several hours for some personnel. This increased expense to the districts, both in costs and time, so that numbers of personnel who could be sent to training was limited. Thus many persons involved in implementing BSLC were unable to attend training, and often districts did not send the most appropriate personnel, or persons in adequate numbers, to fully carry on training for implementation on the local level. Thus the implementation of BSLC was weakened by this extraneous burden of travel and per diem costs (which districts could not easily cover) and time required for travel.

The clusters rendered the tasks of providing feedback and assisting schools with problem areas difficult, since the varied needs and problems presented by the widespread areas made handling these in training less than satisfactory. The distances between training and implementation sites prohibited on-site input into needs, thus making SEDL staff feedback less directly applicable to the site than desired. The clusters did provide participants with opportunities to share ideas, hear how others adapted the programs to their needs, and gain a feeling of belonging to a project—all of which served to motivate districts to continue. This effect would probably have been further



enhanced were the districts to be more closely spaced, and able to interact more frequently.

PPIF's:

As documented by information contained in the first three quarterly reports for project implementation year 1975-77, as well as that year's Annual Report, the PPIF system of recording individual student progress through the various program materials has been viewed from different perspectives by different BSLC Project participants. As originally conceived, the PPIF was proposed as a method of ensuring and maintaining materials usage by local school district staff. Its purpose was later broadened to include a role in CSE's evaluation plan of tying student rate of progress through the program materials to measures of student performance, either criterion- or norm-referenced.

SENL/BSLC staff attempted to encourage district level use of the PPIF system through preschool and inservice briefings, numerous telephone conversations, and summary presentations of SEDL-generated PPIF analyses. Data were received and processed at SEDL, and were then forwarded in summary form to USE for use in their evaluation activities.

To summarize the experience with the PPIF s, many teachers found them difficult to complete correctly, requiring several rounds of sending in forms before they were able to match requirements. Even though teachers were trained in how to complete these forms in preschool sessions, provided letters of instruction on completing them, and large amounts of time at each inservice session to deal with questions, the difficulties remained. PPIFs required so much time in phone calls, writing, and training as to sometimes become the focus of interaction rather than the more central aspects of implementing the project.

Because of the design of the Forms, teachers often stated they did not feel completing PPIFs helped them see how children were progressing, making



this more of a paperwork requirement than a tool for the teachers. The return rate was lower than desirable partly due to these problems as well as from the burden experienced by teachers resulting from the time required to complete the forms. Some districts requested special permission not to complete PPIFs because they would not place the burden for this much paperwork on the teachers for the small benefit they perceived they received from the Forms.

The PPIFs did provide some basic information about which teachers were using the programs, the numbers of children involved, and the lessons completed; however, much of the other information collected did not seem to be retrievable in a useful form. This was especially true when BSLC was implemented as a supplementary rather than a core curriculum. In these cases, it was impossible to tell from the PPIFs why components were not used—whether it was because the children had the skills, or the teacher lacked knowledge or interest in using the materials, or did not have access to them. It was felt a simpler monitoring tool could have served more useful purposes both to SEDL and BSLC participants.

Hotline:

The Hotline was a toll-free incoming WATS telephone service which was implemented at the beginning of the project to allow districts to contact SEDL with questions and concerns at no local expense. It included two national lines and one Texas line. SEDL staff found the Hotline was used for an average of 60 calls per month during the summer months and 100 calls per month during the school year. All of these calls reflected valid concerns and needs for information.

This phone system was found to be a useful innovation in that it allowed immediate input and feedback to districts at no local expense. The Hotline allowed rapid responses to the individual needs of each participating locality. This cost-efficient mechanism afforded a level of interaction and communication not otherwise likely among personnel unfamiliar with each other. During the fall of 1977, SEDL added a Code-a-phone to this system to answer calls that



came in during hours when the office was not open but when schools were, due to the time differential among states. This improved the consistency of interaction between SEDL and the sites and diminished the effects of distance.

Coordination among Training, Reporting and Testing Activities:

Information that was gathered over the contract period regarding training, reporting and testing activities is reported in Attachment E. Those forms summarize the numbers by roles of persons trained by SEDL within each district, the numbers of persons that submitted reports (PPIF's, CSE Survey Forms, District Information Forms) and conducted CSE testing, both designated by whether or not these persons were trained by SEDL. The following summarizes these data by states involved in the SEDL/BSLC Project:

TABLE 9

Numbers of BSLC Participants Attending SEDL Training,
Submitting Reports and Conducting CSE Testing

,		ding Trainin	g	#'s Rep	orting Not Trnd*	#'s Cor Trnd.*	ducting Testing Not Trnd.*
<u>State</u>	Teachers	Principals	Looras.	Irna.	NOL ITIG.	Triu.	1100 111101
AZ	161	3	6	60	89	7	5
CA	131	2	13	73	104	21	25
СО	82	4	6	41	134	29	30
NM	101	3	5	68	81	8	10
TX	141	2	8	51	156	8	16
TOTALS	616	- 14	38	293	564	73	86
Percentages	92%	2%	6%	34%	66%	46%	54%
	<u></u>						

*Trnd = Trained by SEDL Not Trnd. = Not trained by SEDL

The above Table shows that 616 teachers, 14 principals, and 38 coordinators were trained for a total of 668 in all five states. This information also reveals that of those persons who submitted reports only 293 of the total 857 reporting



persons were trained by SEDL; that is, 34 percent of those reporting in one form or another were trained and 66 percent were not. Since only one third of those reporting on these forms benefited from training and were informed in the implementation of the BSLC programs, it would seem that no results or conclusions from the PPIFs could be reliably drawn.

The above information regarding those persons involved in conducting CSE Testing reveals that over half of the 159 persons involved in testing (this includes first round only data since SEDL was not able to gain access to names of persons involved in second round of testing) did not receive training by SEDL. Thus, testing was in the majority of cases conducted by teachers untrained in the SEDL/BSLC Project, and possibly by persons not involved in any aspect of implementing the BSLC in their classrooms. It is felt that such testing, designed to serve as a measure of project effectiveness, can be viewed only as minimally reliable or accurate when conducted by untrained persons not fully participating in the implementation of the very project being assessed.

STAFF EXPERIENCES AND IMPRESSIONS

In working with the BSLC sites over a three-year period, SEDL staff members noted several problems that appeared to influence the success of the project; some of these were remedied or mitigated by the staff over time, however others were such that the project staff had little or no effect on them or control over them.

In the more rural sites there was a great deal of turnover among staff, administration, teachers, and students. This affected program continuity and led to the need for repeated preschool and/or inservice training sessions at the basic or entry level with little possiblity of moving to higher levels of program understanding and implementation.



- . Many teachers were slow to adopt a bilingual program, primarily because they had not had previous experience in this area.
- . The-learning center concept was new to most classroom teachers, and many found it difficult to work in this type of program.
- . Many teachers felt isolated in teaching a bilingual program and missed the peer approval and acceptance they had had when teaching more tractional programs.
- . The idea of having a district BSLC coordinator (different from the building principal) was not as effective in practice as it seemed in theory. It was found more effective to have the school principal or someone else in a perceived authority position to serve in this role.
- . Materials allocations and distribution were more effective on a basis of two teachers rather than with four teachers.
- . Formal criteria for identifying children for participation in the project would be useful.
- . Despite the large numbers of telephone calls and letters, communication between SEDL and the sites should be strengthened because intra-site communication was not as strong as it should have been.
- Children should not be moved out of the BSLC project as soon as they reach a predetermined level of success, especially not at the primer level.

 When they were, the evidence suggests they reverted back toward their "pretreatment" levels of performance.
- . The district personnel were always positive and cooperative with the SEDL/BSLC staff.
- . During the third year, children completed more areas of instruction than in the second year. The more familiar the teachers were with the program the more the programs were used.



- . Both the teachers and the administration had trouble correlating the BSLC Project with the district's adopted basal reader.
- . In evaluating a bilingual program, it makes sense to have bilingual evaluators. This was apparent when a bilingual evaluator was added.
- In projects having an external, third-party evaluator, it would be beneficial to all involved if periodic (at least, quarterly) communication regarding evaluation matters were required. In some cases during the BSLC project, interaction among SEDL, Southwest Regional Laboratory (SWRL), and CSE might have been made more mutually profitable if communications had been scheduled on a periodic and predictable basis rather than as they were.
- . For the purposes of project coordination with the external, third-party evaluator as well as internal project monitoring and documentation, it appears that a relatively greater emphasis might have been placed on a staff-internal evaluation design and personnel to implement it.
- . In summary, over the course of three years SEDL staff found that, although the BSLC Project on the whole was a positive experience and a successful program, it encountered some unexpected difficulties. Primary among these were the turnover of both staff and pupils in rural areas, the teachers' almost total lack of familiarity with bilingual programs and with the learning center concept, and the need for almost constant communication with the sites to provide both information and support. While these problems were not insurmountable, they tended to delay the individual programs' effectiveness and dull some of the initial enthusiasm of the school districts. These problems, however, were not apparent to the target audience—the children—who seemed to enjoy and benefit from this approach to basic skills.

CONCLUSIONS

The SEDL/BSLC Project was unusual in that it was designed for a rural, primarily bilingual population not often reached by special programs, and it provided



ongoing training and technical assistance support and program materials to school districts to enable them to effectively implement the curricula.

In the project's first year, several unexpected problems were encountered. A primary problem developed in that not everyone wanted to participate in a project that was "free." Initial rejection by a number of school districts on the basis of having too many programs already or not believing that there really would be no costs or federal control delayed the start of the project. Persuasion, along with honest presentation, ultimately led to the project's acceptance.

The second and third years of the project were devoted to providing the sites with the program materials, staff development, and encouragement essential to the project's effectiveness. Frequent letters and phone calls from SEDL to the sites supplied encouragement as well as information, providing teachers with the support they needed as well as the specific help they requested. A number of small problems were ironed out during training visits to the sites; because of the relative isolation of many of the districts, other problems were resolved via phone and letter.

Pupil Program Information Forms revealed that the students, on the average, completed an increasing number of program levels as the project progressed. Requests for materials for the 1979-80 school year which will continue after the completion of the project, indicated teacher and school administration satisfaction with the project.

SECTION III

SEDL/LOUISIANA BSLC COMPONENT SUMMARY REPORT 1976-1979

The SEDL/BSLC Project in Louisiana differed considerably from the project's implementation in Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico and Texas. Because of the difference in target audience and program offered, it is reviewed here separately.

Target Audience:

The white and black children served were aconomically disadvantaged, considerably below "grade level" in mathematics achievement, and selected by teachers on the basis of tests as well as teacher judgment of needs. The participating children in one Parish, for example, all ranked below the 35th percentile in their classes. Other Parishes showed similar test scores.

Program:

The program materials used were the Adston Mathematics Skills Series.

This is a program that enables teachers to assess pupils' readiness levels and abilities with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals, and provides prescriptive materials for grades 1 through 6 in mastering fundamental skills in mathmatics.

Project Sites:

Six Parishes (similar to counties in other states) participated in the project. The Parishes and the number of schools that participated in the project during the two years of project implementation are indicated below:

<u>Parish</u>	No. of 1977-78	Schools 1978-79
Ascension	7	5
Evangeline	11	12
Pointe Coupee	3	6
St. James	8	8
St. Landry	9	4
W. Baton Rouge	3	3



30

Two Parishes specified a reason for involving fewer schools in the project the second year. At Ascension Parish, grade assignments to the schools were partly responsible, while in St. Landry Parish, supervisors decided to concentrate their efforts in fewer schools to get better use of the materials and allow for better selection and exchange of available materials.

Program Implementation:

Each Parish established BSLC in a way best suited to their organizational system.

- . Ascension Parish teachers grouped children for BSLC activities, using aides for individual assistance. Most classes were self-contained; one school used departmentalized instruction in the upper grades.
- Evangeline Parish teachers used individual approaches in self-contained classes, varying the number of days per week devoted to BSLC activity. In 1977-78 and 1978-79 the Parish set up a "3-R school" as a demonstration project on how to teach fundamental skills to children in grades 1 and 2, using the mathematics materials with eligible children. All teachers in the system observed and discussed teaching methodology, and the demand for the mathematics materials exceeded expectations and supplies.
- . Pointe Coupee Parish teachers used individual approaches in self-contained classrooms; one school used departmentalized instruction in upper elementary grades. There were no teaching aides, but there was a special project both years under ESEA funding.
- . St. James Parish approach varied from self-contained classrooms to departmentalized upper grades. Most had teacher aides. A teacher coordinator was used for the first time in 1977-78.
- . St. Landry Parish approach varied from self-contained classes to departmentalized upper grades, and from a continuous progress school to the traditional grade levels.



. West Baton Rouge Parish - with the exception of 10 special education students using readiness materials, all pupils were fifth graders taught in a departmental set-up and grouped for BSLC instruction.

Materials:

1978-79 Use of materials as reported by parishes, follows:

•	•									•	۰٫		•	
Ascension Parish	, .		·					•		_				
Readiness For	Opera	tio	ns	•	•	•	• '	, •	•	4	schools	100	student	ts
Working With	Whole	Nur	nbers	5								,	•	
Addition		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4			studeni	ts
Subtractio	n .	•	•	•	• ,	•	•	•	•	4		. 135		***
Multiplica		•	· •	•	•	•	• ,	•	1 • •	2	D ,	, 59		
Division		•	•	•	. •	•	•	•	•	1	` ()	, 30) ¹¹	
Common Fracti					•	•			• •					
Concepts		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1		, 19		,
Re-writing		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	}	9)	, 19		
Multiplica		•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	1	H		} , #	
Division		•	•	ě	•	•	•		•	1	11	, 19) "	•
		-	_										•	
Evangeline Parish	1			•							<i>.</i> .		•	
Readiness For	r Oper	ati	ons		٠	••	•	•	•	5	schools	, 40	5 studen	ts
Working With				S	•					•				•
Addition		•	•				•	•	•	7	schools	, 40	2 studen	ts
Subtraction		•		_	•	•	•		•	6	31	, 48	3 "	
Multiplica		•		•			•	•	•	5 5	11	, 26	0 **	
Division	20.0	•	•	•	•				•	5	#1	, 16	4 *)	•
Common Fract		•	•	•	Ū	·						•		
Concepts	10113		_	_	_		•			1	school,	1	0 studen	ts
Concepts	• ,•	•	•	•	•	•			_		•			
Pointe Coupee Pa	rish			·							•	•		•
Readiness For	Onera	tic	าทร						•	1	school,	•	9 studen	its
Working With	Whole	Nun	nhers		•			•			•			
Addition	miore	*****		•		_				6	schools	, 25	0 studen	its
Subtracti		•	•	•	•	•				6		, 26		•
Multiplic			•	•		•	•	•	_			. 24		
Division		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6 5	ŧì	. 12		
		•	•	•	•	•	•			_				
Common Fracti	0113			_	_	_	_	_		1	school		9 studer	nts
Concepts Re-writin	• •	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	i	li ii		8 "	-
	9 •	•	•	•	•	•	•	_	-	i	n	•	9 "	
Addition	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	i	11	•	9 n	
Subtracti		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	i	81	•	9 "	
Multiplic	ation	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		7	-	

St. James Parish				٠.							
	·	•	•				_	7	schools,	227	students
Readiness For Operations	•	•	•	₹,	•	•	•	•			
Working With Whole Number	3	• .	•	•	_			7	schools,	317	students
Addition	,	•	. ,	•	. •	•	•	7	11	245	0
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7	#I	251	
Multiplication	٠.	•	•	• .	7	•	• .	7	Al	141	
Division	•	•	•	•	•.	•	•	•	•	171	•
Common Fractions				•	•			1	cchool	10	students
Concepts	•	•	•	•	•	•.	•			19	
Re-writing	, ,	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	n 5	_	
Addition	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	19	
				•							
St. Landry Parish									•		
Working With Whole Number	rs						•	2		156	
Addition	•	•	•,	•	. •	÷	•				students
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•		3		233	3
Multiplication			•		_			3	schools,	171	students
Division	•	•	•	•	•	• ,		3	11	65	11
Common Fractions	,	• :	•	•	•	•	•		• •		
								3	schools,	75	students
Concepts .'	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	3	11	65	11
Addition	•	•	•	•	•	•	. •	ĭ	11	28	n .
• •	•	• //	• .	•	•	• .	•	ำ	11	28	, n
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	i) ii	28	` tı
Multiplication	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	i	, II	28	63 "
Division	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	20	
Decimal Numbers								7	school,	22	students
Concepts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	SCHOOL,		5 tudents
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	;) i	23	*
Multiplication	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ı	3	23	
II I Delember Demokalı										· ·	,
West Baton Rouge Parish		_									
Working With Whole Number	er:s	}						2	achaala	772	studonts
Addition	•	• '	•	•	•	•	•	3			students
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	3 2)))	112	1) ,
Multiplication .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2	" !!	81	80
Division	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2		81	
Common Fractions								_	_		

From the above tabulation reported as of February 1, 1979, there was evidence that the students needed to work in lower level basic skills. This confirmed the wisdom of the selection of sets of Readiness and Whole Number Operations in favor of the more difficult sets of materials. Student problems were further reflected in noting that more were involved in the simpler concepts within each set of materials (addition and subtraction) than with more difficult ones (multiplication and division).

Concepts

l school,

] student

An overall status report of the Louisiana Component of the BSLC Project is included in Attachment A.



outhwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

12/476-6861

July 5, 1979

CERTIFIED
RETURNED RECEIPT REQUESTED

Ms. Devra Bloom, Project Manager Office of Program Development Community Services Administration 1200 19th Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20506

RE: Contract No. B6B-5525

Dear Devra:

As you requested during our July 3, 1979 telephone conversation, I have enclosed the additional budget information you requested concerning the revised budget sent to you and Rosie Babel in Dr. Perry's June 29, 1979 letter.

If you have questions concerning any of the enclosed, please inform me as soon as possible. In the meantime we are continuing to take the necessary actions to move forward on the disbursement of program materials and the August/September preschool workshops.

Sincerely,

Preston C. Kronkosky, Director

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

PCK/jp

Enclosures (2)

cc: Dr. James H. Perry

Mr. Arnold W. Kriegel

Ms. Rebeca R. Zuniga

INFORMATION CONCERNING CONSULTANT FEES FOR CARLOS RODRIGUEZ & SUZANNE RODRIGUEZ

At the time of Carlos Rodriguez' voluntary termination (March 29, 1979—see pages 1 and 2 of the Quarterly Report for the Period January 1, 1979 — March 31, 1979). his annual salary was \$19,572 and his employed benefits were \$4,697 for a total of \$24,269/year. This translates into a daily rate of \$93.36 for salary and benefits. Since a "consultant" is not entitled to any Laboratory benefits, it seems reasonable to pay him \$100/day for each day that he does work.

At the time of Suzanne Rodriguez' voluntary termination (May 29, 1979—to be reported in the Quarterly Report for the Period April 1, 1979 — June 30, 1979) her annual salary was \$19,572 and her employee benefits were \$4,697 for a total of \$24,269/year. This translates into a daily rate £ \$93.36 for salary and benefits. Since a "consultant" is not entitled to a / Laboratory benefits, it seems reasonable to pay her \$100/day for each day that she does work.

If we were to re-employ Suzanne and Carlos on a temporary basis or as provided for in Laboratory policies, we would have to budget the \$93.36/day for each of them through June 30, 1979. Beginning July 1, 1979 the Board of Directors has granted a general across-the-board 5% cost of living increase which would change Suzanne's and Carlos' annual salary to \$20,556 plus \$4,933 in benefits for a total of \$25,489. This translates into a daily rate of \$98.00 for salary and benefits. Therefore it seems reasonable to pay them on a consultant basis of \$100/day worked especially since they are not entitled to any Laboratory benefits — including sick leave.

In either case, whether we employ Suzanne and Carlos as consultants or as temporary employees there is no doubt in my mind that based on their training and specific experience they are the best qualified persons to perform the duties that we have outlined in relation to the August/September 1979 preschool workshops. We could not find anyone of their ability and experience for less than \$100/day--and certainly not in the time frame we have to work with.

Enclosure No. 2 to Dr. Kronkosky's 7/5/79 letter to Ms. Devra Bloom Page 1 of 2 pages

INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMUNICATIONS COSTS

Communications costs consist of:

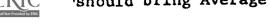
- -Hotline (i.e., in-coming metered WATS lines, Texas and other states for no cost use by BSLC Project sites);
- -Regular WATS (i.e., out-going WATS lines, Texas and other states for metered use by BSLC Project staff);
- -Instrument charges (i.e., charges to have an instrument on the desk of each BSLC Project staff member);
- -Credit card charges (for use by BSLC Project staff when they are in travel status to contact sites/persons--in lieu of use of WATS);
- -Postage (usual postage for mailing large volume of letters to BSLC Project sites, plus CSSO's, CSE, CSA, etc.); and
 - -Shipping (cost of transporting free curriculum materials ... BSLC Project sites).

The manner in which we arrived at the \$1,200/month estimate is detailed below:

Skills Communications:	1977	1978	Total - 6 mos.	Average/Mo
Hotline			•	
July	\$575.00	\$536.00		
August	\$575.00	\$525.00	\$3,899.00	\$650.00
September	\$1057.00	\$631.00		
Regular WATS			,	
July	\$104.00	\$134.00		· •
August	\$223.00	\$147.00	\$1,023.00	\$171.00
September	\$197.00	\$218.00		
Instrument				
July	\$168.00	\$194.00		
August	\$171.00	•	\$1,198.00	\$200.00
September	\$167.00	\$272.00	•	
Credit Cards			,	.
July	\$143.00	4 -n		
August		\$8.00	\$254.00	\$42.00
September	\$69.00	\$34.00		
Postage	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
July	\$64.00	\$75.0 0		
August	\$66.00	\$192.00	\$722.00	\$121.0
September	\$239.00	\$86.00	ı	

^{*}\$1,184.00

^{*}Additional cost of transporting (usually by air freight) training materials used by BSLC staff to sites in August/September 1979 should bring Average Month close to \$1,200.00.



Page 2 of 2 pages

Our best extimates of Hotline (i.e., in-coming WATS) use is as follows:

1978 -- July/August/September

Approximately 60 calls per month concerning:

- 1) Preschool Workshops .
- 2) Material Requests
- 3) Questions on the May 1978 PPIF Computer Printouts

1979 -- April/May/June

Approximately 100 calls per month concerning:

- 1) Inservice Workshops
- 2) Questions concerning the May 1979 PPIF deadline
- 3) 1979-80 Material Requests

The publishing company, National Educational Laboratory Publishers, Inc. (NELP) advises us to budget an amount for shipping approximately equal to 5% of the total cost of the materials. Since the materials are budgeted for \$172,890.00, 5% of that is \$8,645. However, since we are billed for actual shipping costs after the shipment is completed, we decided that in view of the recent truck strike and rising shipping rates we should round the \$8,645 estimate to \$9,000.00.

southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

12/476-6861

July 6, 1979

Mr. Frank Capell Center for Study of Evaluation 145 Moore Hall UCLA Graduate School of Education 405 Hilgard Avenue Los Angeles, California 90024

Dear Mr. Capell:

Based upon my recent conversation with Ms. Bonnie Sissons of your office, I indicated that a June 29, 1979 deadline for processing of the pupil program information forms (PPIF) could not be met. It was determined that unless I heard otherwise that July 15, 1979 would be an acceptable delivery date for the PPIF's for BOLAR and BCPM.

In addition, it is my present understanding that the 9 track computer tape furnished to you last year is not required for this year.

If you have any additional questions, please contact me.

Yours very truly,

Arnold W. Kriegel

Director, Fiscal & Technical Services

AWK/1b

cc: Dr. Preston Kronkosky

hrold W. Kriegel

Marsha Meador



4.3

Community WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506 Services Administration

JUL 1 1 1979

Mr. Preston Kronkosky, Director Basic Skills Learning Centers Project Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Preston:

This is to advise you that Ms. Lynn Morris has resigned her position and is no longer co-director of the BSLC Evaluation.

Ms. Bonnie Sisson of the BSLC staff will assume the co-directorship and associated duties.

If you have any inquiries on the evaluation, please contact Frank Cappell or Bonnie Sisson.

Sincerely,

Devra Bloom Program Manager

cc: Adrianne Banks, Associate Dir.

Ricardo Martinez Bonnie Sisson





40

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory .11 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

12/476-6861

July 11, 1979

Mr. Frank Capell, Co-Director Center for Study of Evaluation 145 Moore Hall UCLA Graduate School of Education 405 Hilgard Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90024

Dear Mr. Capell:

Enclosed you will find the BOLAR computer printouts containing the May 1979 information from the PPIFs. Because they are being sent by Federal Express they will arrive on July 12 or 13 not July 15, as stated in Arnold Kriegel's letter of July 6, 1979. These printouts are now complete since you have already received the CPM printouts that were sent on June 25, 1979.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call us.

Sincerely,

Jane M. Pscheid, Secretary

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

For M. Packale.

/jp

Enclosures

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky

Ms. Becky Zuniga Mr. Arnold Kriegel



Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

512/476-6861

Sent Carpfrele

July 16, 1979

Mr. Frank Capell, Co-Director CSE-BSLC Evaluation Center for Study of Evaluation 145 Moore Hall UCLA Graduate School of Education 405 Hilgard Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90024

Dear Mr. Capell:

Enclosed are the T&R computer printouts with the information from the May 1979 Pupil Program Information Forms. If you have any questions, please call us.

Sincerely,

Jane M. Pscheid, Secretary

Jane M. Packer

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

/jp

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky

Ms. Rebeca R. Zuniga

Texas Education Agency



STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

• STATE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

• STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

201 East Eleventh Street
Austin, Texas
78701

7/18/79 Notes

July 17, 1979

Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director
Basic Skills Learning Center Project
Southwest Educational Development Laboratory
211 East 7th Street
Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Dr. Kronkosky:

Thank you for your letter informing me about the end of the project, Basic Skills Learning Centers Project.

I was very impressed with the materials and the manner in which they were presented by the consultants from the Southwest Educational Development Laboratory.

I am sure the training and materials have been very helpful to teachers and have assisted children in learning.

Thank you for the information you have provided me during the past two years and the opportunity to participate in one of the training phases.

Sincerely,

M. Irene Ramirez, Ed.D.

Consultant, Elementary Education Section

Division of Curriculum Development

MIR/aw





Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

512/476-6861

July 20, 1979

Ms. Devra Bloom, Project Manager Office of Program Development Community Services Administration 1200 19th Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20506

Dear Devra:

Thank you for your July 11, 1979 letter approving the June 29, 1979 budget. We are proceeding with the necessary actions to distribute the program materials and conduct the August/September 1979 preschool workshops.

Sincerely,

Preston C. Kronkosky, Director

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

PCK/jp

cc: Dr. James H. Perry, SEDL

Mr. Arnold Kriegel, SEDL

Ms. Rebeca Zuniga, SEDL/BSLC

Ms. Rosie Babel, CSA Contracts

Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

512/476-6861

July 20, 1979

Sample letter sent to all BSLC Superintendents

Mr. O. John Taylor, Superintendent Fowler School District 658 East Adams Avenue Fowler, CA 93625

Dear Mr. Taylor:

For the past two years the Southwest Educational Development Laboratory's (SEDL) Basic Skills Learning Centers Project (BSLC), funded by the Community Services Administration (CSA), has been assisting your district in the basic skills and bilingual efforts. This assistance was provided through instructional materials and staff training/technical assistance at no cost to your district. As we come to the end of the Project (September 30, 1979) we will provide your district the final additional materials that were requested by your district's BSLC Coordinator. Also we will provide a final, preschool workshop for new teachers, assistant teachers and/or resource personnel (see enclosed training schedule).

In a few weeks you should be receiving the total year (1978-79) computer printout reports that will provide you with the number of children involved in the program(s), the teachers involved and the percentage of completion in each area of every program. All the above information will be sent to your district's BSLC Coordinator.

As we look at these two years, we believe that the SEDL Basic Skills Learning Centers Project has been successful and worthwhile. The children that have been involved in the project have made solid gains in reading and mathematics according to the information furnished by teachers and/or principals. Also the teachers have expressed a great deal of satisfaction. We believe that much of the success which has been experienced is due to your leadership and support.

In closing, we would like to thank you and your staff for all your cooperation during these past two years. Even though this particular project is ending, we at SEDL hope that in the near future we will again have the opportunity to be of assistance to your district.

If you have any questions or if we can be of further assistance, please call us on our toll-free number (1/800/531-5011); after September 30, 1979 you can reach us at (512)476-6861.

Sincerely,

Preston C. Kronkosky, Director

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

Enclosure:

cc: Ms. Rebeca Zuniga, SEDL/BSLC

Ms. Devra Bloom, CSA

PCK/jp

BSLC PRESCHOOL WORKSHOPS

AUGUST/SEPTEMBER, 1979

August 7-9, 1979
Fort Lupton School District
Ft. Lupton, Colorado

August 14-16, 1979 Pecos School District Pecos, New Mexico

August 21-23, 1979 Glendale School District Glendale, Arizona

August 28-29, 1979 Gadsden School District Anthony, New Mexico

September 5-7, 1979 Mission ISD Mission, Texas

September 12-14, 1979
Porterville School District
Porterville, California

September 17-19, 1979 Brawley School District Brawley, California

September 24-25, 1979 Levelland School District Levelland, Texas

September 26-27, 1979 Hondo ISD Hondo, Texas



Texas Education Agency



• STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

• STATE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION

STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

201 East Eleventh Street Austin, Texas

78701

7/27/79 Noted

July 25, 1979

Mr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director Basic Skills Learning Centers Project Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Mr. Kronkosky:

We have received your letter of July 13 to Dr. Brockette with regard to the SEDL Basic Skills Learning Centers Project for the years 1977 through 1979.

Thank you for writing giving in detail information on this project, and we sincerely appreciate the fine cooperation provided by you and your staff in the promotion of same. Please know that we, at the Agency, also will look forward to further opportunity to work with you.

Sincerely,

L. Harlan Ford

L. Harlan Ford, Deputy Commissioner for Programs and Personnel Development

cc: Dorothy Davidson





memorandum

SOUTHWEST EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY, 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

To: District Coordinator

From: Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

Date: July 26, 1979

Subject: Total Year Computer Printout Reports (1978-79)

The teachers that participated in the Basic Skills Learning Centers Project during the 1978-79 school year took a lot of their time and effort in recording the information needed on the Pupil Program Information Forms (PPIF). The information that was provided is summarized on the enclosed computer printouts.

The time and effort that the teachers put into completing the forms can be useful when the summaries are given to the appropriate person. Please distribute and explain the folders containing the classroom and school summaries to the principal. The superintendent would be interested in receiving the classroom, school and district summaries.

Since the Project is ending September 30, 1979 these will be the final printouts you will receive from us. We want to thank you for all your assistance in reminding and encouraging the teachers to provide the information needed on the PPIF's.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call us.

Rebeca R. Zuniga, Coordinator

Instructional Services and Training Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

BZ/jp

Enclosures

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director-BSLC Project



ADSTON EDUCATIONAL ENTERPRISES, INC.

945 EAST RIVER OAKS DRIVE

BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70815

July 30, 1979

PHONE (504) 925-2848

WIGO 1 1979 }

Dr. Preston Kronkosky Southwest Educational Development Laboratory Austin, Texas

Dear Preston:

RED M. Smith President

RIC THURS

Vice Presid onel pel Secretary M. ADAMS Treasurer

> As you requested, this is a status report for 1978-79 on the Louisiana Component, BSLC Program, funded by CSA.

Procedures used this year were the same as those of 1977-78, with the exception that there was less teacher training requested by the participating systems, as the same teachers were expected to be in the program. Changes in distribution among schools within systems were made in light of the first year's experiences. Thus, as will be noted later, the identical number of schools in each parish system may/may not have been the case for both years, although the number of sets of all materials for each system was the same. A noticeable difference appeared in the selection of the sets of materials, with much heavier emphasis in 1978-79 on Readiness For Operations and Working With Whole Numbers, and fewer numbers of the more difficult sets of Common Fractions and Decimal Numbers.

I visited each system to discuss selection and ordering of materials and reporting forms (or anything else related to the program) last August, and followed through in September with delivery of all materials. You joined me in visiting St. James and St. Landry Parishes to discuss program development and reports in mid-October.

Each system was visited in early May after I received the computer reports on results of the first semester (as reported prior to February 1). Discussions were held with the system representatives concerning points of reporting:

- 1. System representatives were asked to analyze teacher reports to determine whether individualized or small group center instruction was in evidence, and whether student progress appeared in logical fashion. They were encouraged to do this with school principals in attendance.
- 2. Attention of system representatives was called to the number of students reported, as compared to the number of sets of material distri-
- 3. Possible confusion in reporting by a few teachers was called to their attention.

49



Usage, as reported by parishes, was as follows:

					\			•	, ,	
Ascension Parish					/		•	•		•
Readiness For Operations		_	±			_	4	schools,	100	students
Working With Whole Numbers	•	•	•	٠.	. •	. • `\	•	,		
Addition	' '					• ,	Δ.	schools,	105	etudente
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•		_			2 radelic2
for the second s	•	•	• .	•	•	• • •	4	,	135	° 11
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2	9	59	
Division	•	•	٠.	•	•	•	1		30	• • •
Common Fractions		٥	,				_	,		
Concepts	• ,	•	•	e.	•	•	1		19	EE .
Re-writing	•	•		•	•	•]	11	19	. 11
Multiplication				•	•	•	1	FI	19	H ,
Division		•					1	\ II	19	
	•	•		•	•	·	•	•	•••	
Evangeline Parish		6			,		•	,	,	
Readiness For Operations	٠.	•					F	schools.	106	etudente
		;	•	•	•	•	Ų	SCHOOTS,	400	2 tuden t2
Working With Whole Numbers)						-	1 3 -	400	. 49 . 4 4 .
Addition	•	•	•	•	•	•	/	schools,		students
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•	6 5	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	483	
Multiplication	•	•••	• "	• ,	•	•	5	•	260	
Division	•	•	•	٠	• .	•	5	i b	164	ti
' Common Fractions	•	•						•		•
Concepts		• ?					1	school,	10	students
	•	•	Ĵ	•		•	•	.,	, -	,
Pointe Coupee Parish		. •								•
Readiness For Operations					•		1	school,	i q	étudante
Working With Whole Numbers	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	20110013	,	2 caretica
_							c	o'oboolo	250	-4. (4-
Addition	•	• .	• .	•	•					students.
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•		6		268	4h.'
Multiplication: .	•	•	.•	•	•	,•.	6		242	
Division	•	•	•	• .	•	•	5	•	129	, H
Common Fractions		-	,							
Concepts	•	•	•	•	Ŕ	•	1	school,	. 9	students
Re-writing					•	•	1	В	8	61
Addition			•			•	1	11		. 11
Subtraction	•			., _			1	· II	9	11 11
Multiplication	•	•	•	•	• ,	•	i	11	9 9 9	II .
, Marcipileación	•	• ,	• .	• •	•.	•	•		,	
St. James Parish		• ,			40			•		
				•			7	schools	227	ctudanta
Readiness For Operations		•	•	•	•	•	,	schools,	441	2 radeurs
Working With Whole Numbers	•	•					•		07 -i	
*Addition	•	•	•	•	•	-		schools,		students
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•		7	•	245	•
Multiplication	. ,		•	•	•	•	7	9 9	251	11
Division	•	*	•	•	•	•	7	, ,	141	
Common Fractions		٤						•		A
Concepts		ī.]	school,	19	students
Re-writing				•	•		1	B	19	
Addition	•	•	•	•	•	•	i	, E H .	19	
Audition	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	13	
St. Landry Parish	٠.					•		•		
								•		• .*
Working With Whole Numbers							2		750	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Addition	•	• .	•	•	•	•	ა ე	schools,		
Subtraction	•	•	•	•	•	•	3	••	233	. 11
						•				



St. Landry Parish (continued)

Multiplication	•	•	•	•	·	•	•	•	_	schools,		students
Division	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	3		65	••
Common Fractions								•		·	1	
Concepts	•			•	•	•	٠.	•	3	schools,	75	students
The state of the s		•	_		_				3.	11	65	11
Addition	•		•		•	•			1	11	28	83
	•	•	• .	•	•	•	•	•	i	`II	28	H
Subtraction .	•	•	•	•	•	• ·	•	•		11 °C		11
<pre>Multiplication</pre>	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	. .	28	u
Division	•	●.	•	•	•	•	•	•	ŀ	" ,	28 .	
Decimal Numbers										•		
Concepts		. •						•	1	school,	23	students
Subtraction .		•		_		•		_	1	11 9	23	H
Multiplication		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	i	11	23	BI '
Multiplication	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	20	
West Baton Rouge Paris			,									
Working With Whole	Nun	ber	S						_			
Addition	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	.•	3	schools,		
Subtraction .		, .				Ü			3	11	112	#1
Multiplication					_				2	li .	81	11
Division	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2	ų	81	Ĭ.
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	_	• •	0.	
Common Fractions									-		7	
Concepts	•	•	. •	•	•	•	•	•	ı	school,	J	student

From the above tabulation reported as of February 1, 1979, there is evidence that the students really needed to work in lower level basic skills. This confirms the wisdom of the selection of sets of Readiness and Whole Number Operations in favor of the more difficult sets of materials. Student problems are further reflected in noting that more were involved in the simpler concepts within each set of materials (addition and subtraction versus multiplication and division).

Computer reports on the second semester have not been received as of this date. In a telephone conversation with the director of SEDL's computer services, while work was in progress on the Louisiana component, I was told that it appeared a more thorough job of reporting was done, including more students. A problem of not having seen mid-year reports until very late in the school session is that of not being able to do much about improving the reporting process for the year. However, it is apparent from discussions with systems representatives that actual usage of materials is much more extensive and effective than reports reflect.

It must also be remembered that these materials can follow the student as he/she moves in school, and are useful in assisting through the mastery of basic elementary skills. Thus, if a system so desires, a fourth grade student can use Working With Whole Numbers, Common Fractions, and/or Decimal Numbers through the normal sixth or seventh grades, providing supplementary skills development materials at those levels also.

As indicated in last year's report, Pointe Coupee Parish developed a project under ESEA funding and extended the usage of the Adston Mathematics Skills Series to children not eligible under CSA guidelines. Their results have been exceptional, with student progress carefully monitored.

Evangeline Parish developed a "3-R School", in which teachers from all parish schools at given grade levels visited to work with master teachers



to learn to more effectively develop basic skills. The mathematics program was the most specific of the materials used, and the school system hopes to be able to purchase the materials to continue the program on their own next year.

St. Landry Parish has continued to develop their elementary mathematics curriculum project, begun in 1977-78 and incorporating a scope-and-sequence based on the Adston Series.

All systems could have used more materials. Hopefully there will be less financial pressure next year so that budgets may include money in the teaching materials category to permit the purchase of materials. All involved considered this project an excellent expenditure of CSA funds, and a legitimate means of providing eligible children assistance with learning problems.

As scon as second semester computer reports are received, I will visit with system representatives to review them, and to urge the continued use of materials left over from the project. I feel sure most will do so. Logically, many children in the project in 1977-78 continued to use the materials in 1978-79, but were not reported.

We of Adston appreciate being a part of this project. We have some reflections on improving participation and monitoring processes in order to more nearly maximize the effectiveness of the project.

If I may be of further assistance, please feel free to call on me.

Lionel Pellegrin





COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

State Office Building, 201 E. Colfax Denver, Colorado 80203 Telephone (303) 839-2212

Caivin M. Frazier, Commissioner

August 1, 1979

Mr. Preston Kronkosky
Basic Skills Learning Centers Project
211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Mr. Preston:

We here at the Colorado Department of Education in the Bilingual Unit regret the loss of the Basic Skills Learning Center services. Your materials including the BOLAR series as well as the inservice training provided to bilingual programs were invaluable. Again and again we heard high praise from directors for your project. You and your staff did an outstanding job in supplying materials, providing practical technical assistance on the use of the materials and keeping a high level of communication between your staff and the participating districts.

Unfortunately the colorado legislature reduced the state appropriation for bilingual education by another 24% and districts are operating at a 50% funding level from state sources. However, 16 school districts that applied for federal monies should know soon if their proposals were approved or not. It is our hope that they will have funds to invest in quality bilingual materials such as yours.

Please let us know what your plans for the future are. Again, thank you for your part in strengthening bilingual programs in Colorado.

Sincerely,

Rosalie Martinez, Director Bilingual-Bicultural Unit

sealie Martinez

839-3557

RM: qa

cc: Dr. Cal Frazier, CDE

Dr. Wm. Dean, CDE

Dr. James Perry SEDL

Ms. Rebecca Zuniga SEDL

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

53

) /

AUG 02 1979

C & Banky 79

Dr. James H. Perry
Executive Director
Southwest Educational Development
Laboratory
211 East 7th Street
Austin, Texas 73701

Dear Dr. Perry:

I have raviewed your quarterly report for the period ending June 30, 1979, for Contract # B6B-5525.

In the presentation of the final report, please include the SEDL's total experience with the project and not just the administrative portion. If you have any questions or would like to discuss what should be included, please contact me.

Sincerely,

Devra Bloom Program Manager

cc: Rosie Babel/CSA Contracting Officer
Ricardo Martinez/NIE
Preston Kronkosky/BSLC Program Director

AUGO 6 1979



memorandum

SOUTHWEST EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY, 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

To: District Coordinator

From: Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

Date: August 8, 1979

Subject: Preschool Training Session Reminder!

During the month of June we informed you of the last BSLC training session before the Project ends on September 30, 1979. Since this is the last session we are hoping for a good turnout, so we have revised the schedule slightly to include all teachers that will be using our programs during the 1979-80 school year. The training schedule is as follows:

DATE: August 21-22 BSLC staff will hold training for the

BOLAR and BCPM programs. This is only recommended for teachers who have not received previous training in either

program.

August 23 BSLC staff will assist all teachers (new

and experienced) in setting up a support

system.

TIME: 8:30 - 4:00 All three days.

LOCATION: Glendale School District #40

Glendale Elementary

4801 West Maryland Avenue

Glendale, AZ

Please inform your teachers of this session and keep in mind that the teachers who have had previous training need only to attend the third day. We would appreciate your calling our office on our toll-free number 1/800/531~5011 to let us know the number of attendees. We look forward to seeing you and your teachers.

Rebeca R. Zuniga, Coordinator

Instructional Services and Training Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

BZ/jp

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky, BSLC-Director



55 5.9



STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

J. KELLY NIX
State Superintendent

P. O. Box 44064 Baton Rouge, La. 70804

August 13, 1979

Mr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director Basic Skills Learning Centers Project Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East Seventh Street Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Mr. Kronkosky:

Thank you for your letter informing me of SEDL's Basic Skills Learning Centers Project. I am indeed delighted to know that so many of Louisiana's children in grades 1-6 were involved in the project.

Student improvement in the basic skills has been a priority goal for Louisiana. I feel that we have made steady gains in the last several years in this area, thanks to programs such as yours working cooperatively with the Department of Education.

I, too, hope that in the near future we will have the opportunity to work with your agency in another educational endeavor.

If my office can ever be of assistance, please call upon me.

Since rely,

J. KELLY NIX

JKN:RG:1hb





Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

512/476-6861

Sample of letter sent to BSLC districts requestisi 1979-80 materials

August 17, 1979

Mrs. Verna Coffman Bonita School District #16 Sunset Route, Box 1 Willcox, AZ 85643

Dear Mrs. Coffman:

This letter is to notify you that the Publishing Company has shipped your 1979-80 materials that you requested during our telephone conversation in June. Enclosed you will find a copy of your material order indicating the quantity.

Since the SEDL/BSLC Project will terminate September 30, 1979 you will not need to keep any more records (PPIF's) or do any further testing. If you have any questions concerning the above, please do not hesitate to call us on our toll-free number 1/800/531-5011.

We wish you a successful 1979-80 school year!

Sincerely,

Relieca R. Juniga

Rebeca R. Zuniga, Coordinator Instructional Services and Training Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

RRZ/jp

Enclosure

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director-BSLC Project



Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street, Austin, Texas 78701

512/476-6861

Sample of lettic sent to BSLC districts requesting us not to send 1979-80 mater

August 17, 1979

Mrs. Belen Moreno Avondale School District #44 235 West Western Avenue Avondale, AZ 85323

Dear Mrs. Moreno:

In response to our June 1979 telephone call, you indicated that your district had sufficient BSLC materials on hand and asked that we not send any 1979-80 materials.

Even though you do not need any additional materials, we wanted you to know that the BSLC staff is here to assist you with any questions or concerns you may have through September 30, 1979 (the date the BSLC Project concludes).

Sincerely,

Rebeca R. Juniga

Rebeca R. Zuniga, Coordinator Instructional Services and Training Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

RRZ/jp

cc: Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director-BSLC Project



512/476-6861

September 7, 1979

Mr. Ernest Andrade Weld School District #6 (Greeley) 4th Avenue and 13th Street Greely, CO 80631

Dear Mr. Andrade:

It seems only like yesterday we contacted you for the first time to notify you of the BSLC Project. Now it is time to let you know that as of September 30, 1979 we are completing the three year contract we have with the Community Services Administration. By September 28th, your district should have received the 1979-80 materials that were ordered as well as the last training session conducted by SEDL/BSLC.

We do want to thank you for your assistance in coordinating the BSLC Project in your district. The degree of success of this project is directly related to the time, effort and energy that you put into this project—in addition to the many other demands imposed upon you. We hope that the gains the pupils have achieved made your efforts worthwhile.

If we can be of any further assistance to you, please call us at 1/800/531-5011 (prior to 5:00 p.m., September 28, 1979), or at 512/476-6861 (after September 28, 1979). We have appreciated the opportunity to work with you and your district's staff to improve schooling for these pupils.

Sincerely,

Preston C. Kronkosky, Director

Trestor C. Kronkoski

Basic Skills Learning Centers Project

cc: Ms. Rebeca Zuniga, BSLC-Coordinator

PCK/sb





Glendale Elementary Schools

5734 WEST GLENDALE AVENUE, GLENDALE, ARIZONA 85301

(602) 931-9311

BOARD OF TRUSTEES: ROSE ANN ARMIJO, JO ANN SALEM, PATRICK TURNER, BARBARA GARLAND, CARL BAILEY

ADMINISTRATION

HADLEY A. THOMAS Superintendent

LYLE BRAUGHTON
Assistant Superintendent
Instructional Services

RNEST W. RICHARDS
Assistant Superintendent
Business Services

ALEJANDRO PEREZ
Administrative Assistant
Special Programs

WILLIAM D. POLHEMUS
Administrative Assistant
Personnel Services

CHOOLS

Init I School 7301 North 58th Avenue

ಾರ್ಡ E. Imes School ಆ625 North 56th Avenue

larold W. Smith School 534 North 63rd Avenue

Activin E. Sine School 1932 West Myrtle Avenue

filliam C. Jack School
500 West Missouri Avenue

nit Vi School
535 North 67th Avenue

lenn F. Burton School 801 West Maryland Avenue

ilendale American School
330 North 55th Avenue

licentennial School
237 West Missouri Avenue

Init X School
520 North 47th Avenue

September 18, 1979

Dr. Preston C. Kronkosky, Director-BSLC Project Southwest Educational Development Laboratory 211 East 7th Street Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Dr. Kronkosky:

On behalf of Glendale Elementary School District, I would like to express our sincere thanks for the excellent assistance which the BSLC extended and delivered to our district. The inservice training afforded to us through BSLC was invaluable.

Carlos, Suzzanne, and Becky were the highlight of our two-week inservice training session in August. The teachers found the training most worthwhile.

Your staff has been most courteous and accommodating at all times. We regret that we will no longer have the services offered by BSLC.

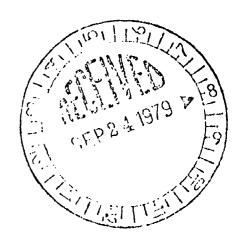
We appreciate all that the project has done. .

Sincerely,

D.J. Dodd

Lau Compliance Coordinator

DJD/kl



BERKELEY · DAVIS · IRVINE · LOS ANCELES · RIVERSIDE · SAN DIEGO · SAN FRANCISCO



SANTA BARBARA • SANTA CRUZ

CENTER FOR THE STUDY OF EVALUATION UCLA GRADUATE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90024

September 10, 1979

Dr. Preston Kronkosky Director, SEDL-BSLC Project Southwest Educational Development Lab 211 East 7th Street Austin, Texas 78701

Dear Preston Kronkosky,

Please find enclosed 1 copy of the CSE evaluation of the Basic Skills Learning Centers, submitted to the Community Services Agency, on September 7, 1979. Should you have any comments or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Bonne Sisson

Bonnie Sisson

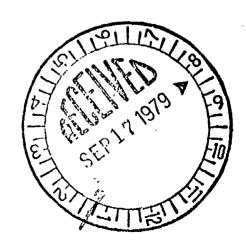
Frank Capell

Co-Project Directors of the BSLC

Evaluation

cc: Eva Baker
Adrianne Bank
Devra Bloom

enclosure





61 6,

ATTACHMENT B



ARIZONA

District	Core . Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
Avondale #44		,		
BOLa R	No Information			
BCPM -	Does Not Apply	-	,	,
T&R	Does Not Apply			
Bonita #16,				
BOLaR	Grade 1-4		60	2
BCPM	NO INFORMATION 4			•
T&R	Grade 1-4		60	2
Glendale #40				
BOLAR	No Information			d
всрм	No Information	•	٠.,	·
T&R	No Information	·		
Globe #1		,		
BOLaR	NO INFORMATION			
ВСРИ	Grade 3	Spec.Ed 1-3	100	
T&R	No Information	·		
Kyrene #28				
B Q La R		Grade 1-3	90	5
BCPM ¿	Grade 1 & 3	Grade 1 & 3	150	8
T&R		Grade 1	28	1
Laveen #59			,	
BOLaR	Grades 1 & 2	(core) Grade 1	100	4
ВСРМ	Grade 1	Grade 1	50	. 3
T&R	Grades 1 & 2		250	8
{ (` 	_ <u></u>		ļ	<u> </u>

63

ARIZONA continued

District	Core	Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
No #22			<u>.</u>		
Naco #23	Grades			53	3
BOLaR	1-3			.,	
всрм		Grades 1-3		25	3
T&R		Grades 1-3		53 .	3
Parker #27					
BOLaR	No Info	mation	•	ů, v	,
ВСРИ	No Info				
T&R	No Info	mation		e e	•
Peoria #11				,	
BOLaR	Grades 1-4			120	12 ·
всрм		Grades 1-4		240	12
TER	Grades 1-3			120	12
Santa Cruz #35					,
BOLaR	DOES NO	T APPLY	•		
ВСРМ	DOES NO	APPLY	1		
T&R	Grades 1-3	?		110	6
Solomonville #5					
BGLaR		Grades 1-4	•	104	4
BCPM		Grades 1-4		104	4
T&R		Grades 1-4		104	4
Sunnyside #12					
BOLaR	No Info	rmation			
BCPM	No Info	rmation	and the second s		
T&R	No Info	rmation			
Provided by ERIC	1		58		

CALIFORNIA

District	Core	Supplement	Re source	Students	Teachers
Biola-Pershing					
`	Grades 1-3	J.		8	1
BOLa R					
BCPN	WILL NOT	BE USED			
T&R		Grades 1-3		50	3
Brawley	0	,			
BOLaR	Grades 2&3		Grade 1	135	6
• BCPM	Grades 1&2	Grades 1 & 3		100	5
. T&R	Grades				- д
	1-3			220	9
Calexico					
BOLaR	No Inform	nation			
ВСРМ	No Inform	nation			
T&R	No Inform	nation			
,					
Earlimart	·				
BOLaR		Grades 1-4		60	5
BCPM	DOES NOT	APPLY			
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY			,
Pl Contro					
El Centro	Grades	Constant 2 /	Creden 1 4	2 70	9
BGLaR	1-4 Grades	Grades 2-4	Grades 1-4		ļ
всРМ	1	Grades 1-3		200	6
T&R			Grades 1-4	90	2
Fowler				,	
BOLaR	DOES NOT	/.PPLY .			
BCPM		Grades 1-3		95	9
TAIL	DOES NOT	APPLY			
(IC	1 1				

"CALIFORNIA continued

District	Core	Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
Gustine		`			
BOLaR	NO INFOR	MATION			
ВСРМ	DOES NOT	APPLY			
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY	•		·
Heber BOLaR	Grades 1-2	Grades 1-4	Grades 4-5	300	12
BCPN	NO INFOR	MATION		·	
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Imperial BOLaR	Grades		Grades 3-4	140	4
всрм	,	Grades 1-4		140	4
T&R			Grades 1-4	450	15
Kings River					
BOLaR		Grades 1-2		30	1
всрм	WILL NOT	BE USED		<u> </u>	
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY			
Le Grand BOLaR	Grades 1-4	Grades 1-4		70	5
ВСРМ	NO _MFOR	MATION			
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY			
Madera		ANNY V.			
BOLAR BCPM	DOES NOT Grades 1-4	APPLY		120	4
TAR RIC	DOES NOT	APPLY			

CALIFORNIA continued

			·		•
District	Core S	upplement_	Resource	Students	Teachers
Mendota					
BOLaR	Does not app	ly		•	
всри	No Information	on			
T&R	No Information	on			
Planada			v		
BOLaR	Grades Gra	de 4	Grades 1-4	100	4
BCPM	DOES NOT APP	LY			
T& R	DOES NOT APP	LY	•		
Selma					
BOLaR	Grad	des 1-2		100	3
ВСРМ	DOES NOT APP	LY .		·	:
,T&R	DOES NOT APP	LY		,	
Porterville					
BOLaR	Grades			40	4
ВСРМ	DOES NOT APP	LY			
T&R	DOES NOT APPI	LY			
Woodville		•			
BOLaR	Grad	des 1-4	Grades 2-3	100	6
всрм	DOES NOT APPI	LY			
T&R	DOES NOT APP	LY			
BOLaR					
BCPM					
T&R					
<u> </u>	+		67 71		

COLORADO

COLORADO			T	*	
District	Core	Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
Brighton 27-J					
BOLaR	No Infor	mation			•
всрм	No Infor	mation			
T&R	No Infor	mation			
Centennial RE-1					
BOLaR		Grade 2.		40	2
BCPM		Grade 2	;	18	1
T&R		Grades 1-4		160	4
Ft. Lupton RE-8					
BOLaR		Grades 1-4		3 60	12
ВСРМ			Grades 1-4	180	6
T&R	Grade 1			120	4
Greeley #6					
BOLaR		Grades 1-4		250	13
всрм		Grades 1-4		250	13
T&R		Grades 1-3		150	8
Harrison #2					
BCLaR	Grades 1-3	Grades 4-6		832	22
BCPN		Grades 2-3		56	2
T&R	Grades 1-4			112	4
Huerfano RE-1					
BOLaR		Grades 1-3		150	5
всРм		Grades 2-3	-	95	3
	 	<u></u>			

District Plans to Utilize BSLC Materials, following Project Termination

COLORADO continued

District	Core	Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
Trinidad #1				•	, · ·
BOLaR		Grades 1-3		173	4
ВСРИ		Grades 1-3	,·	139	3
T&R	NO INFO	RMATION			
BOLaR					
BCPM				·	
T&R					
BOLaR					
ВСРМ					
T&R					
BOLaR					
ВСРМ					
T&R					
BCLaR					
ВСРМ					
T&R					
BOLaR			. /		
всрм		Land C. (1994). L. (1994). S. C. (1994). C.			
T&R			72.3		

District Plans to Utilize BSLC Materials Following Project Termination

NEW MEXICO

Cades	District	Core Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
BOLAR 1-4 Grades 1-4 1,041	Gadsden				
T&R	BOLar	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,041	
Lordsburg	BCPM	DOES NOT APPLY			9
BOLAR NOT BEING USED BCPM DOES NOT APPLY TAR Grade 2 28 1 Pecos BOLAR Grades 1-3 164 7 ECPM NO INFORMATION TAR Grades 1-3 164 7 Portales Grades 1-3 164 7 ECPM Crades 1-3 150 5 TAR Grades 1-3 70 3 RALON BOLAR DOES NOT APPLY BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 TAR Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	T&R	NO INFORMATION			
BOLAR NOT BEING USED BCPM DOES NOT APPLY TER Grade 2 28 1 Pecos BOLAR Grades 1-3 164 7 ECPM NO INFORMATION TER Grades 1-3 164 7 Portales Grades 1-3 164 7 BCPM Grades 1-3 150 5 TER Grades 1-3 70 3 Raton BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 TER Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	Lordeburg				
TER Grade 2 28 1 Pecos BOLAR Grades 1-3 164 7 ECPM NO INFORMATION TER Grades 1-3 164 7 Portales BOLAR 1-3 231 10 BCPM Grades 1-3 150 5 TER Grades 1-3 70 3 Raton BOLAR DOES NOT APPLY BCPM Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	ē.				
Pecos BOLAR Grades 1-3 BCPM NO INFORMATION TER Grades 1-3 BOLAR BOLAR Grades 1-3 BOLAR Grades 1-3 BOLAR TER Grades 1-3 TER Grades 1-3 Raton FORM Grades 1-3 ROPH ROPH Grades 1-3 ROPH Grades 1-3 ROPH ROPH Grades 1-3 ROPH ROPH ROPH ROPH ROPH Grades 1-3 ROPH ROPH	всрм	DOES 'NOT APPLY			
BOLAR Grades 1-3 164 7 BCPM NO INFORMATION 164 7 Fortales Grades 1-3 164 7 Portales Grades 1-3 231 10 BCPM Grades 1-3 150 5 T&R Grades 1-3 70 3 Raton APPLY BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas W. Las Vegas APPLY APPLY	T&R	Grade 2	·	28	1
BOLAR	Pecos				6
T&R	B O LaR	Grades 1-3		164	
Portales Grades 1-3 231 10 BCPM	ВСРМ	NO INFORMATION	1		
BOLAR Grades 1-3 231 10 BCPM Grades 1-4 150 5 T&R Grades 1-3 70 3 Raton BCPM DOES NOT APPLY BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	T&R	Grades 1-3		164	7
BOLAR Grades 1-3 231 10 BCPM Grades 1-4 150 5 T&R Grades 1-3 70 3 Raton BCPM DOES NOT APPLY BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	Portales				
BCPM Grades 150 5 T&R Grades 70 3 Raton	BOLaR	1		2 31	10
T&R Grades 1-3 70 3 Raton DOES NOT APPLY 107 3 BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas		Grades	·	150	5
BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	T&R	Grades		70	3
BCPM Grades 1-3 107 3 T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Las Vegas	Raton				
T&R Grades 1-3 107 1 W. Lus Vegas	/ BOLaR	· 1			
W. Lus Vegas	ВСРМ	Grades 1-3		107	3
		Grades 1-3		107	1
BOLaR Grades 1-2 30 2	W. Las Vegas				
	BOLaR	Grades 1-2		30	2
BCPM Grades 30 2	BCPM	Grades		. 30	2
T&R Grade 1 20 1					1

<u>T</u>

District Plans to Utilize BSLC Materials Following Project Termination

TEXAS

TEXAS				·	
District	Core	Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
Alice					,
BOLaR	DOES NOT	APPLY			
ВСРМ		Grades 1-4		300	14
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY		" ₈	
Eagle Pass					
BOLaR		Grades 1-4	e0	400	36
ВСРМ		Grades 1-4		·	
T&R.	NO INFOR	MATION			
Edcouch-Elsa	Grades		ø		
BOLar	1-3	Grades 1-3	Grades 3-4	768	24
ВСРМ	Grades	Grades 1-3	Grades 3-4	768	24
T&R	Grades 1-3	Grades 1-3	Grades 3-4	768	24
Hondo					
BOLaR		Grades 1-3	Grades 1-2	198	9
ВСРМ	DOES NOT	APPLY			
T&R	DOES NOT	APPLY			
La Feria					
B O LaR	Grades 1-2	Grades 1-2	Grades 1-3	160	9
ВСРМ	Grades 1-2	Grades 1-2	Grades 1-3	160	9
T&R			Grades 1-2	90	3
La Joya					
BOLaR	Grade 3	Grade 3	,	250	8
всьм		Grade 3		250	8
O T&R		Grades 3-4	P4	180	

District Plans to Utilize BSLC Materials following Project Termination

TEXAS continued

District	Core	Supplement.	Resource	Students	Teachers
Levelland BOLaR	Grades 1-2	Grade 3 🛩		80	. 4 3
ВСРМ	Grades 1-2	Grade 3		. 80	3
T&R		Grade 1	Grades 3-4	80	3
Los Fresnos					
BOLaR		Grades 1-3	Grade 1	126	
BCPM ,		Grades 1-3	Grade 1	126	
T& R	DOES NOT	APPLY			
Mission BOLaR	Spanish Grades 1-3	English Grades 1-3		480	8
всрм				1	
T&R		,	Grades 1-2	160	2
Progreso B O LaR	Grades	Grades 2-3		245	12
BCPM		Grades 2-3		245	12
T&R		Grades 2-3		245	12
Rio Hondo					
BOLar	No Infor	mation			
ВСРМ	No Infor	mation			
T&R	Does not	apply	·		
San Benito BOLaR	Grades 1-2	Grades 3-4	Grades 1-2	195	23
BCPM	No Info				•
T&R		t apply	75		

72

Texas continued

District	Core	Supplement	Resource	Students	Teachers
Zapata					
BOLaR		Grades 1-4		320	10
		Grades 1 4			
ВСРМ			Grades 1-3	80	. 1
T&R	·			•	
BOLaR					
ВСРМ					
T&R				- t	
				-	
BOLaR	,	ļ.			
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ВСРМ				····	
T&R					17 Cape
BOLaR					
ВСРМ				·	
T&R					4.
				•	
BOLaR		·			
ВСРМ			·		
T&R					
BOLaR					
ВСРМ					
T&R					
			73		



Changes in Program Utilization and Percentage of Pupil Completion from January 1979 to

72	Ma _i	y 191	79 by	Pro	gra	ım,	by Distric	t, by	State	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· · ·	- ,	<i>d</i> .
TF	RICT	BOL	aR	1979 Jan		9 ⁷⁹	Changes Jan-May	ВСРМ	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
· · ·	er	Sch	ools	NO	_	ac			1	1.			an	[,]	
)	Number of	Cla	ssrooms								h -			70	•
are	Z	Chi	.1dren		T						V			120	
2	1		chers		\top	17				1	1	1		111	
1/2	मुह		1 %		1			A 201		11/4		T	11	122	•
word	Public	띮	2 %					A %				I %		32	
7	% of Pupil Completion	LEVEL	3 %					в %		Y		II,	2 ,	38	
	CO CO	Η,	4 %	1	1								TA	8	
						,									
_							<i>i</i>	11	- ·						
	Number		ools	1/		/	0	.	/	1/	-0		/	1/	-0-
	E O	L	essrooms	2		2	0		2	2	0		2	2	-0
$ \cdot $	~		ldren	25	Íá	26	+/		26	126	, .0		26	26	0
			achers	2		2	-0		2	2			12	12	.0
2	% of Pupil Completion	· -	1 %	.0		7.7	+8.7					r	y _	1	
26.57	Pur	EL	2 %	0		43	+213	A %	0	0	0		8 0	10	0
)	쎃림	LEVEL	3 %	0		d	+.6	В %		10	1 a.	II.	% 0	0	.0
	% 0 0 1 0		4 %	0		0	0		. 0	10	10	55	سلنا		
· '			•		,	-		•						- 	
		·		-1	_Y		·	tt			~~		·		
	Ser To	ŀ	iools	1	1	1	0		NO				NE	11	
_\	Number of		esrooms	3		3	-0-		11	12			11	a	·
3	Z	Chi	11dren	179		83	+4			58	,			52	
Luce		1	achers	Ġ		3	-0-			2				12	
3	न्ध		1 %	10.9		6,9	+6					I	7		
40.114	% of Pupil Completion	댎	2 %	4,2		0.8	+6.6	A 7	0	13.3	2			112	
1)£.	LEVEL	3 %	3.6	_	1.5	+3.9	В 2	8			II	1% V	12.5	
K	% Соп Соп	н.	4 %	0		7.2				11.9	1			12.5	
*	——— ——— ——————————————————————————————											Store .			
7		†					1	11						·	
	Per F		nools	NC		ND				1	1-0-		1		0
2	Number of	L	assrooms	1		1			4	4	-0-		4	! 4	-e-
	1	.}	ildren					1	100	7/10	7-7-		11	0/110) -0-
	•	Te	achers						4	14	-9-		14		-0-
Bulle.	걸음		1 %			\int			6 0			I	0/		
2	f Pupil pletion	BVEL	2 %			J		A	10	C	7		6.	7 6.	71 -0-
7	الياط	 ≥ .	3 %		T]			, ,	1			T 9/		

75 .

N') = No Data

12	<u>ノ</u>	• •	. '			٠ ٠ :				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TĮ	RICT	BO	LaR		197 Jar		1979 May	_ Changes _ Jan-Nav	ВСРМ	1979 Jan.	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-Ma
	ser É	Sc	hool	ls	N	U		<i>'8</i> 3			1	-5			1	<u> </u>
1	Numb of	l		rooms						a	5	+3_		1		
3	Z	Ch	ildr	ren	\prod		38			57	146	+89		4	5	+1
è	Ĺ	Te	ache	ers			3			/	2	+1				-0-
3	יי עו		1	7	П		8.4		A %				I %		2-	10
1/2	0. 0.1	温	2	%			4.7		P. 70	29.1	31.1	+2		25	85	+60
1	% of 1 Complo	LEVEL	3	%			8.4	<u> </u>	в %	a			11%			O .
	% <u>0</u>		4	7.	W		.8			. 7	13.9	+13				-0
•							-		•	• •	i				•	`.
	G		hool	ls	0	2	2	-0-		12.	12	0		12	12	0
	Numb of	Cl	ass	rooms	6	,	6	0		3	5	+2.		9	11	+2
- 11					1		,		1			7	7.	7		

	S C C	₹	hool	. 1	2	2	-0-		2.	a	-0-		2	2	0
ď	Numb.	Cl	ass:	rooms	6	6	4		3	5	+2		9	11	+.2
4	Z	Ch:	i1dı	ren	114	140	+26		62	9.3	+31		219	270	+51
}	.	Te	ach	ers	5	5	0		3	4	+/		8	9	+/
	Hali		1	7.	18.2	28.8	+10.6	A 90				I %	0 ~		
(I :		冒	2	%	2,5	13,2	+10.7	Α %	15.7	27.8	+12.1	- 10	8.7	37.2	+28.
` ·		E. J	3	7	0	6.2	+6.2	В %		2 2		II%	ا مر و		, 2,,
l		4	72	0	0	-0-			2.3	+2.3		5.3	37.5	+ 34	
_							··								

I	er	Scl	100	ls	/		0		1	1	-&		1	1	-0-
	Numb	Cl	ass:	rooms	2	a	-0-		4	4	-0		4	4	
-	Z	Ch:	ild:	ren	54	54	-6-		93	96	+3		91	91	-0-
şΪ		Te	ach	ers	2	2	-C-		1	/	0		4	4	-0-
{[170		1	%	29.8	29.8	0	Λ %			21	1 %			
	Pupi etio	E	2	%	24.5	3 5.7	+11.2	Λ %	4.7	8,1	+ 3.4		0	0	-
	% of Compl	LEVEL	3	7.	12	51.3	+39,3	B %	13	19.5	+6,5	11%	0	14,2	+14.
	% <u>0</u>		4	%	13,2	30.8	+17.6	<u> </u>	1/3	1,,,3				,,,,,	

												. ·				 			
er.			100.		2	0	N	b				N	را	NE	2		ND	ND	
Numb	of	Cla	ass	rooms	١		ji							I			1		,
×		Chi	i1d	cen															
	1	Te	ach	ers			7												
	ြင်း		1	%	7			i		Λ	9					1 %			
		VEL	2	%					*		(3								
4	ompleti	A.	3	%			$\cdot T$			В	%		,			11%	1	1	
8	<u></u> ဂိ	b-4	4	%	Y		V			<u></u>			,						

12 Ma	ly 1979 by	rrog	ram,	by Distric	c, by	State.		;			-	·
TRICT	BOLaR	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	BCPM	1979 Jan•	1979 May	C hanges Jan-May	<u>T&R</u>	1979 Jan:	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
er	Schools	3	3	9		2	2	-0-	,	/	1	4
Numb	Classrooms	9	9	-0-		4	4	- O -		2	2	-0
" \ 	Children	221	227	+6		129	141	+12		64	75	+11
3	Teachers	5	15	-0-		3	3	-0-	•.	2	2	-
Z of Pupil	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{\chi}{2}$	9	12	+3	A %	13.2	22.6	+ 9.4	I %	29	86	+57
f Pu		4.3	7.2	+2.9	в %				II %			`,
- 80 80 80	4 %	.3	2.1	+1.8		5.4	16.3	+10.9		0	76	+ 76
,						21			•.	- •	. • -	
49	Schools				ĺ					IND		
Number	Classrooms		10						<u> </u>	11	14	·
ح ا د	Children		X	\			IV	\	<u> </u>		171	
3	Teachers		7				19,				14	
% of Pupil	1 %	10	1		A	% (7)		IZ	17	21.7	1
President	12 % 12 % 3 %	1	/				Y		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	<u>, -</u>	1000	
	4 %	 			В	%		,	113	V	122	•
			-1	<u> </u>	-11 .			<u></u>			· ·	-
Number of	Schools	1/	11	-0-		1/	11	0	1	17	1/	10
में क	Classrooms	5	5	0		5	5	-0-		5	5	0
N N	Children	110	113	+3		111	117	+6		109	109	-1
	Teachers	5	5	0		5	5	10		5	. 5	-0-
% of Pupil Nu	1 %	4.8	19.3	+14.5	- A	% 6.8	26.7	+19.9	r	% /1	25.7	7 +14.5
of Pin	2 % 3 %	11.3	15.5	+4.2			7011	1.			-	
Comp	4 %	1.6	6.3	+4.7	·B	12.9	57.2	. +44.3	II		8	+8
		. 1 / /	-l/				_ 		,			7
٠. حسب				*	, 				-11	<u>~</u>		
aber of	Schools	ND	ND		_	ND	NO		<u>·</u>	1/1/1	0/100	<u> </u>
Numb		5	11	ļ	_				_		- }	
Num	Children								┦			1
	Teachers	1-1			<u> </u>			ý				
of Pupil	1 %				- A	%			I I	%		
12 2	2 7 3 %				-					-		
3 49 8	3 %	11/	11/	<u> </u>	В	%	14		H	%		/

77

 S_{I}

Ø = No Change

A	Ma	y 19	79 by	Prog	ram,	by Di	stric	et, by	State.		•				
TF	RICT	BOI	aR	1979 Jan	1979 May	Chan Jan-	ges -May	BCPM.	19 79 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	İ&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-Ma
31	C. C.	Sch	ools	/	/	-e			ND	No			1	1	. 0
V. F. Lander	Number	C1a	ssrooms		1	1			1	1			1	1	•
戏	ž	Chi	.1dren	9	9				1				26	26	
		Tea	chers	2	2	 -		,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		/		
S. S	तह		1 %	11.7	11.7					1.					
19	tro	'n.	2 %	5.8	5.8	-		A %			٠	Ιχ	0	0	
₩.	f P	LEVEL	3 %	6.7	6.7	- 11		в %		V	· + · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	II %			
	% of Pupil Completion	H	4 %		2.2	./ \	,	. D &	V			11/6	0	0	V
. '	N C	ا ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		3-100	10.00			· ·	,	,			<u> </u>		
•	er	Sch	nools	11	/	-€)		12	12	-0-		1	1	0
	Number of	Cla	essrooms	2	2		·		. 9	9	-0-		5	5	-0-
je	X	Ch:	ildren	48	48				247	249	+2		124	124	-0
1		ł	achers	2	2				7	19	-6-		5	5	-0-
can	% of Pupil Completion		2 %	0	0			Λ %	11/1/	32.8	1	I %	43.7	188	+ 44,
12	f Pr plet	TEVEL	3 %	0	0			В %	14.4		1 .70.7	11%	,	1	7 ///
Y	Con	ii.	4 %	0	0	1		D /	6.4	7.6	+1.2	11/	0	10	0
· '			,						t .						
	S G K	L	hools	1		€			1/	1/	-0-		1/	1/	-0-
	Numb of	l	assrooms	5	5	-0	ب		3	3	<i>-⊕</i> .		4	14	-6- -0-
Q		Ch:	ildren	146	147	+ 1	/.		87	88	+/	1	114	114	-0-
Ţ	1	1	achers	3	3.	-0			1 a	2	-0-		14	14	0
14	% of Pupil Completion		1 %	2.3		ta7		A	6 0 0	2.1.	1 4/1 3	1 2	ء رسال	21212	Į.
7	Pul	區	2 %	7	23.6	+16	.6	1	8.8	24.4	1 +16,3		18.7	7 31,2	+12.
)	of np1	LEVEL	3 %	1.6		13.		В 2	0	10	0	113	0	0	0
	N O		4 %	0	12.6	+2.	6	1	10	1					1
-			•		_										
-	GH	Sc	hools	1	T				11				11		
	Numb	Cl	assrooms	;		7			11	7, 2			3	40	
5	Z	Ch	ildren			λ			127	138			64	1 3	
الا انت		Te	achers	1	1,1	11		-ii	1	- 2			12	. 7	8
10.0	H E	1	1 %	7	11/	1		Ï,	0,		ù	r		1 4	
- Ž	T &	13	2 %	11	11			- A	33.3	3 3			19.5		3
Kerkon S	of Pupil	LEVEL	3 %	1-1	(1)			В	% 0	J. J.		11	% ~		
€ E	CO E	H.	4 %							12%	0		8,3	5 12	
								•	_						

Ĥ	Ma	y 1979 - by	Prog	ram,	by Distric	t, by	State.						
	CICT	BOLaR	1979 Jan,	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	ВСРМ	1979 Jan•	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
1.	Gr	Schools	1	1	0								
1. 1	Number of	Clas rooms	3	3	-0-				-			<u>\</u>	\
3	Z	Children	87	89	+2	<u> </u>		-X				<u> </u>	·
3		Teachers	3	3	0			71.				10	
carleman	upil	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{\chi}{2}$	6.4	<i>9.3 4</i>	+2.9	A %	0	1/1		I %			•
Š	% of Pupil Completion	3 %	1.7	2.8	+1.1	в %		1	,	II %			***************************************
- <u>.</u>	ಜಲ	4 %	0	1.7	+ 1.7					L J	l		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
- , 1		Schools	3	3	0	1	T ,	1/	-0		1	/	-0-
	nio e o f	Classicoms	·	12	+1		4	5	+/	/	2	2	-0
	Numb of	Children	255	296	+ 41		99	126	+27	1	55	45	-10
5	,	Teachers	9	12	+ 3	1	1 4	5	+1	<u> </u>	12	12	0
100	p41	1 %	20.6	27.4	+6.8	A	7,	32.2		I %	i		
1	% of Pupil Completion	2 %	6.2	30.8	+24.6		% 17,2			11%		 	
\	0 % 0 0 C	4 %	10	5,4	+5,4	D	6 3.1	22.6	+19.5	1.4%	0	12.4	+12.4
7	المتناهد شبها		.1	+	Anne and the second								
	14	Schools		1 (1)	·				0				
-	Numb of	Classrooms					5	5	-2			1	
)	×	Children		1_1	X	1	153	157	+4		<u> </u>	ŤΖ,	
_;; _;;		Teachers		17			6	6	0	-		1/1	
rocein	% of Pupil	1 %	1	$ I_{\alpha} $		- A	[%] 3.2	11.2	+8	1 %)	
	of P	3 %	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1		В	% 3./	10.4	+10.3	11%			
:	× 0	4 %	1	l		1		1	1		1	·1	<u> </u>
v L	14	Schools	1	<u> </u>		-11					7	1	*
Į	00.00	Classrooms	ND	NO									-
<u> </u>	Number	Children	++-	1-1-				-	$\sqrt{}$	1	-	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	
	}	Teachers		-		- 		1	A	<u> </u>	-	1/1	11
. E.	- I	1 %	11			A	%	10		x 2	(
X	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				В	2	<u> </u>		- - <u> </u>	z	¥	
Ĭ	2 of Comp	1, 7, 7	1	1		В							<u> </u>

 $\emptyset = \text{No Charge}$

!A	Ma	y 1979 by	Prog	ram,	by Distric	t, by	State.					\ \ !	,
_TI	RICT	BOLaR	1979 Jan.	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	BCPM	1979 Jan•	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	<u>T&R</u>	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
	er .	Schools	1	/	-0-			/	-0-				
	Number	Classrooms	4	5	+1		3	5	+2				
	~	Children	78	112	+ 34		70	125	+55				<u> </u>
,	1	Teachers	4	5	+/		3	5	+ 2			1	4
ger	% of Pupil Completion	1 %	7.2	11.2	+ 4				-	Ιχ		U,	
2	E E	12 %	1.4	8.4	+ 7	A %	Can 1	12	+5.9	- /6) ,]	``.
	f J	2 % 3 %	3.6	11.4	+7.8	В %				11%			<u>;</u>
-	Con	4 %	6.8	21.9			6.6	36.4	+29.8		,		
			,			1		1 - 1			1		\
	Number of	Schools	1/-	1/-	-0-	 	1/-	1 /	-0-	 	1 /	1-4-	-
()	Num	Classrooms	10	6	1-0-	<u> </u>	5	5	-0		14	4	-0
1		Children	149	153	1	<u> </u>	1124	128			1/9	119	
_		Tem iers	2	12	-0-	#	1		-0-		1/	1/_	0
1754	% of Pupil Completion		16.2	36	+ 19.8 +5.3	A 2	3.8	//.3	+.7.5	Ix	0	0	-
)	of F	2 % 3 %	2.3	4.8	+2.5	В %	1,2	6.2	+6	117	60	16.7	+16.7
	× 0	4 %	10	1.8	+1,8	1	1,2	10.2	1	Щ	1		
			1		,	· ·		·		- 1 1		- 	
_	ber f	Schools	1	1/_	-0-	_		1_/_	-0-				
3	Numb of	Classrooms	<u> </u>	5	1-e-	 	12	2	1-0	-			
-cel	~	Children	102	86	-16	.	51	51	10	<u></u>		1	1
- ∫ ·		Teachers	6	16	-0-		3	13	1.0-		<u> </u>	11	
ob-	% of Pupil Completion		7.4	8.8	+1.4	A 5	⁸ बि. १	22.4	5	τ	8	М ,	
j	f P	2 % 3 %	•3		+ . /	В	% - 0	120	0 -	117	<u>ر</u> ا	1	
_×	2 C	4 %	3.2	7	+.5		6 3, 9	3.9	1-0		`		
_			a. A destroite estad			•							
•	e H	Schools	11	11	€		17	1/	6				
T	Numb	Classrooms	3 4	4	<i>-Θ</i> .		1	/	-0-				
-)	Ž	Children	66	69	+ 3		8	8	-0-			1.	Y
		Teachers	4	4	-0		17	1	-0	1	1	CI .	
41.0	1207 201	1 %	14.9	38.3	3 + 13,4	- A	% 200	52.	7 +13.9	r	%	1	
-3	Pu		4.6	T			138,8		1 10.1		_	<u> </u>	
– 8د	% of Pupil Completion		3	10.4	+ 7.6	В		0	-6-	11	Z		
7	***************************************				1	•							

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

80 5.7

Ø = No Change

Schools Schools Classrooms Changes BCPM 1979 1	anges an-May
Schools Classrooms Children Schools Children Schools Children	an-riay
Teachers	
8 I E 1 %	
高端	·
	·····
Trong 1 2 2 2 2 3.7 1 2 2 3.7 1 2 2 3.7 1 2 3 2 4 2 1 2 3 2 4 2 1 2 2 3.7 1 2 3 2 4 2 1 2 2 3.7 1 2 3 2 4 2 1 2 2 3.7 1 2 3 2 3 2 4 2 2 3 2 3 2 4 2 2 3 2 3 2 4 2 2 3 2 3	
Schools 2 2 6 2 2 Classrooms 5 5 6 6 6	-0-
-\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-
Children 7 109 113 + 4 140 144 + Teachers 5 5 5 6 6 6	- 4
	-0-
A % 107 28 3 +171 I % 107 572	
A % 10.7 28.3 +17.6 I % 10.7 57.2 +	-46,E
	-18
B 2 0 6.5 + 6.5 112 0 18 +	70
	. •
Schools / / & Classrooms 3 4 + / Children (Co. 9.7 + 1.5)	
Classrooms 3 4 + /	
8 One Later 80 7/ 7/ 17/	7
liteachers (3/4/+/)	
3 T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T S T	
N	
7 3 11 1 2 % 3 11.9 + 8.9 1 % 11% 11% 11% 11% 11%	
THE THE THE THE TENT OF THE TE	
Schools Classrooms Classrooms Considerate 200 200	
Classrooms / /	·
7 Current 20 30 1	
Teachers /	
3 7 6 1 1 7 2 2 A A 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1	
	
9 E E 3 % O O	
- \(\in\) \(\frac{4}{2} \) \(\frac{1}{0} \) \(\frac{1}{0} \)	

 ζ_{ij}

	May	y 13	75 by	LUE	L Cilly	by Distric	c, by	Diale.						•
-()	Ar	·								(75 an and			 	
-	ICT	BOL	aR	1979	1979		BCPM		1979	Changes	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
ſ		Sch	ools	Jan.	May	Jan-May		Jan.	May	Jan-May		Jan	May	Jan-riay
	월씨			1	-	0		 						
3	Number		essiooms	4	4	0		 		,	· · ·			
120	_		ldren	33	33	. .		<u> </u>	(1)					
3		Tea	chers	4	4	0		<u> </u>	M				11	
3	다 티		1 %	8.4	18.4	+10	A %			.•	I %	~~~	10	•
1	EE	EL	2 %	1.2	3.4	+2,2	A /6				- /5			
,	4 6	LEVEL	3 %	0	.4	+.4	в %				II %	4		•
	% of Pupil Completion	н.	4 %	0	0	0	13 70]		22 /8	•	1	
	<u> </u>	لمسي	L	1						······································	·		L	o Tra Matternati na material
						•								
_ 1	H	Sch	nools	17	1	0		Tuo	12		1	1	1	
	Number		assrooms	5	5	0	 	ND	13	 	 -	1-		
	Na Na		ildren	<u> </u>	} -		╢		300			 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3.3	ļ			40	47	+7	<u> </u>	++-	10	 	1	-	 	
3		Te	achers	5	5	-0-	<u> </u>		120			 		
12	를 를		1 %	7.5	10.9	+3.4	A 2	,	20		IX			
_5	Pu	EL	2 %	1.6	3.1	+2.5			12		J			
B	벌	LEVEL	3 %	0	0	-0-	B 2		NO N		112	دا	1	
	OPI	,	7	10	0	-0-			1-00	i	-		į.	
	80		4 %	0	$\mathbf{I} \cup$		H	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_!	1	1
· .	% of Pupil Completion		14 %	10	19.	L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	_!		<u> </u>
=	× 0			10	19.				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
_		Scl	,	1.0	19.				<u>'</u>	I	· ·	J		
			nools		<u> </u>				,			<u></u>		
		Cla	nools						,					
- -		Cla Cha	nools assrooms il d ren		<u>.</u>									
	Number of	Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers											
4 7	Number of	Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers				A	Z			1 2	%		
4	Number of	Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 %				A	76			1 2	76		
4 7	Number of	Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers					%			1 2			
7	Number of	Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 %					_						
4 7		Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 %					_						
4 7	% of Pupil Number Completion of	Cla Cha	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 %				В	_						
4 7	% of Pupil Number Completion of	Cla Ch: Te	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 %				В	_						
	% of Pupil Number Completion of	Cla Ch: Te	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 %				В	_						
	Number of	Cla Ch: Te	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 %				В	_						
	% of Pupil Number Completion of	Cla Ch: Te	nools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 % hocls assrooms ildren				В	_						
	Number % of Pupil Number of Completion of	Classian Te	hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 % hools assrooms ildren achers				В	_						
	Number % of Pupil Number of Completion of	Classian Te	hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 % hocls assrooms ildren achers				B 3	_				%.		
	Number % of Pupil Number of Completion of	Classian Te	hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 % hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 %				B :	%			112	%.		
	Number % of Pupil Number of Completion of	Classian Te	hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 % hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 %				B :	%			112	%		
	% of Pupil Number Completion of	Classian Te	hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 % 3 % 4 % hools assrooms ildren achers 1 % 2 %				B :	%			112	%		

82

× (2)

		ту тэ	75 by	rrog	Laill,	by Distric	it, by	otale.	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	RICT	BOI	LaR	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	BCPM	19 79 Jan•	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
1	er	Sch	nools	2	2	-0-		/	/	-0-		2	2	D
•	Numb of	Cla	assrooms		12	D		5	6	+/	·	10	10	D
- \	**	Ch	ildren		214	+ 18		123	159	+36		152	223	+71
3.		•	achers	12	12	ø		5	6	+1		10	10	47-
	170		1 7	4.3		+.7	A %				I %			104 *
reci	Pur	EL	2 %	2.8	3.8	+1	α 6	23	36.5	+ 13,5	/6	10.5	30.7	120,2
1	% of Pupil Completion	LEVEL	3 %	.6	<i>3,</i> 8	+ 3.2	в %	2.3	15,5	+ 13.2	11%	0	35.7	+ 35.7
į	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4 %		7.8	+3.8	!	<u> </u>			Ш	L		
		,								`		•		
- 1	1 to 1	Sc	hools	1/	1	-0-	1	1,	1/	10	1	1/	1/	-6-
3	Number of	C1	assrooms	6	6	-0-	1	12	12	0	#	3	5	+2
3	Z	Ch	ildren	104	110	+6	1	20	21	+ /		64		+50
attained.	•	Te	achers	5	5	-0		12	2	-0-		12	3	+1
	H CO		1 %	7.4	19.6	 			7		I %			
7	Pupil letion	百百	2 %	.9	12.2	+11.3	A %	6 1.1	2.6	+1.5	1 - "	a	34.7	+ 34.7
	of cmpl	LEVEL	3 %	1.7	6.1	+4,4	В %	6.5	47.1	+40,6	117	23.5	5 71	+47.5
-	8 C	1	4 %	18.6	8	16	↓		1'''	1,70	1	1	1"	
. 							•							
' 1	H	Sa	hools	1,	T /	0.	1	1,	17	-0-		11	/	مستشند
`\	Number	CI	assrooms	10	10	-0		5	5	-0-	_	13	3	0
こってなってのいっ	Nu	Ch	ildren	164	159			78	78	-0-		50		10
کے		J	achers	111	12	+ /	1	5	5	1-0-		14-	1	1-6-
ر اگ	를 다 다	1	1 %	15.4	17.6	+2.2				1	r	<u> </u>		
45	Pup	EL	2 %	11	15.7	•	A 5	6 28.5	32.5	14.2	1	50	97	+47
	% of Pupil Completion	LEVEL	3 %	.5	8.2	+7.7	В 5			+17.2	ıı	% 0	0	0
-	% Ö		4 %	2	4.8		1	1//10	100,7	11110	<u> </u>	10	1	
آن			_											
	14 0	So	hools	13	T3	1.0		12	12	1-0-		7	01	<u>, </u>
	Numbe		lassrooms		17	-0		$\frac{1}{9}$	19	-0-		N.	ONC	<u>-</u>
7		Ch	ildren	239	749			177	7 186		-	1-+		
3	1	 	eachers	13	13	-0		19	9	-0-	<u>.</u>		11	
- 3 - 3	न्द	1	1 %	1.7		1	<u> </u>	o,			T	<u>, </u>	+++	
- Raci	Sup		2 %	辽	4.9		- A	% 4.2	16.	7 +12.5	J.	/0		
į	4 H C	LEVEL	3 %	1.3		+.7	В	% / 9			11	2 1	, 1	
	% of Pupil		4 %	Q	0	-G		16.7	17.6	+10.7				
_														l l

ERIC

83

0	Ma	ıy 1979 by	Prog	ram,	by Distric	et, by	state.		}		· /		·
T	RICT	EOLaR	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	ВСРМ	1979 Jan	1.979 May	Changes Jan -Nay	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
	er.	Schools		1	-6		12	2	-0-				-0-
ا ا	Number of	Classrooms	4	5	+/		7	7	-9-		6	6	-0-
5:0	Z	Children	117	142	+25		174	176	+2		157	159	+2
		Teachers	4	5	+ /		7	7	-0-		6	6.	0
7.0%	T T O	1 %	4.4	4.8	+,4	A 0/			, ,	I %			
420000	of Pupil	2 %	3.9	7.4	+3.5	A %	20.7	27.1	+6.4	- %	51.5	64	+12.5
1)f 1p1(2 % 3 %	.6	3,3	+2.7	В %		ا ، سر ر	47115	11%	0	1/20	+43.7
	% <u>()</u>	4 %	.6	1.5	+.9		10,9	35.4	+24.5			43.7	775,/
		,	,			•						•	
-	H	Schools	1	3	+2		1 /	12	+1	1	NO	ND]
Ō	Number of	Classrooms	1-	5	+4		//	13	+2		1.1	11/12	
Lance	N.	Children	21	92	+7/	 	12		+ 43		1-1-	11	
Á		Teachers	1-/	6	+5	- II	1	4	+ 3		1-1-	11	
֧֧֓֞֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֟֝֟֝֟֝֟֟֝֟֟ ֓֓֓֓֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓		ł	4.7	7.3	+2.6	11	1-4-	1-	1	1	+-;-	++-	
Z	tra tr	1 2 %	4.1	5,4	+ 1.3	A %	8.3	10.2	+1,9.	I	3	11	
/	f P	2 % 3 %	0	1.1	+1,1	В %	,			113	% J		
-	% of Pupil Completion	4 %	5.7	1.3	- 4:4	B %	9.1	7.5	1-1.6			14	
	10× U			444	 	-/	_ 	- 4			···		·
•	H	Schoole	1 //	111	1	1	1 5	1.5	1 G-	1	T 7	17	Cham
	Number	Schools	14.	4	0		3	3	1-0-		3	123	-0-
	E C	Children	1,0	13	1-63		1.5	6	1+/				1-0
ad	1		237		1	-	109			1	53	•	
1	}	Teachers	13	13	-0-	-	16	7	+/		\ <u>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</u>	<u> 3</u>	
Len	ig of	1 %	18.9		1	- A	% //	127	+10.9	ľ	2,3	51.5	+ 49.
	Pt.	2 % 2 % 3 %	3.8		+8.4	-	16.	115	1 1 1 1 1 1			<u>`</u>	
V	% of Pupil	3 %	3.7			В 3	%	3.4	+ 3.2	TI	0	0	-0-
	<u>% ö</u>	4 %	10	2.7	1+2.7	1		1 /					J
	,					.						Ψ,	
	e r	Schools	1	1				1			7		
	Number	Classrooms	s	1									
-	Ž	Children Children											
		Teachers		-									
_,	म ह	1 %	1	†		Ĭ	c _j			T	₇		
	up t I	2 %	1			- A	%				/0		
page 1	4 to 10 to 1	3 %				В	%			11	%		
_	% of Pupil	4 %	1										



 \emptyset = No Change ND = No Data

	Çŀ	lange	s in Pro	gram	Utili	ization and	1 Percer	ntag	je c	of Pup!	il Completi	on fro	m Jan	uary .	1979 to
'n	Ma A	ıy 19	79 by	/ Prog	;ram,	by Distric	it, by f	itat	e.	•					1
V 1 1	/\					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	T								
STI	RICT	BOY	LaR	1979	1979			1979		1979	Changes	TER	1979	1979	
1		·	hools	Jan.	May	Jan-May -O		Jar		May	Jan-May		Jan	May	Jan-May
-	Number of			4	4		<u> </u>	ND							-0-
11	NE C		assrooms	1221	32	-0	4'	11	_	200			11	-11	-0
Okni	I^{-} . '	-	ildren	762	8/2	+50	1			4.			263	980	+17 "
10	L'		achers	31	31	-0-	1			2 2		(11	11	-0-
3	H 2	[1 %	9.6	13.2	+3,6	1			س س		I %		122	+17.5
XOUX	Pup	出	2 %	7.6	14,3	1	A %	11		35		- 6	15,7	33,2	+11.3
3	101	LEVEL	3 %	4.4	9.9	+5,5	в %		$\overline{}$	drog BCF/	,	11%		1-20	
~	% of Pupil Completion	<u> </u>	4 %	a.7			1 '	"	ľ	32		, "]	16,2	23.2	+ 7
	<u> </u>	A	L	بنند	<u></u>										****
_	, n	Sc'	hools	11	1/	-0-		T					1/	T/	10
-4-	Number of.	C1	assrooms	\$ 2	2	-9-		1					5	5	10
200	ž	Ch	ildren	28	28	-0	-	+		X			110	-	
2	l '	Te	achers	100	17	-0-	1	1		1		1	4	14	10
3	नि ह	t	1.%	20,1	1201	-0	-	+-		1 - 1		1	1	+	-
i Dir	Pupil etion	ا را					A %	.1 (1			I %	5	5	0
7	מ מ	LEVEL	/0	3.6			-	1-7	/	 	 	├ ──	 	+	-
اد	% of E Comple	胃		19.9			В %	, [1	ş	II%	" 0	0	-0
	NO.		4 %	10	10	10	1				<u></u>	1		<u></u>	<u></u>
			•				• .							-	

_								44							
1	er	Scl	hool	ls	2	2	-0	#	2	5-	0-		2	2	1-0-
1	Numb of	Cl	ass	rooms	8	8	-O-		8	8	1-0-		6	7	+./
17	z	Chi	ild:	ren	a15	217	+2		212	2.13	+/		158	186	+28
	7	Te	ach	ers	8	8	-0	1	8	8	1-0-		6	7	+/
<u> </u>	न हो	1	1	%	7.8	13.4	+5.6				1.10 7	1 %			
	Pupil etion	冒	2	%	3,5	16.4	+12.9	A %	11.5	31	+19.7	1	8.5	28.7	+20,2
4.	% of Comple	LEVEL	3	%	9	14.6	+ 5.6	В %	·	1220	1.220	11%	1157	141 2	+ 30,5
Į,	رة اق		4	Z	5.7	12.2	16.5		10.7	33.5	+ 22.8		13.11	76.01	4 30,

4		·			·		,	 			·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	e r	l	100		2	2	-0		NO				ND	ND	
	Nump	Cla	ass:	rooms	6	6	-0-		1	2			1	1	
	,Z	Ch	ild:	ren	117	116	(44					
	•	Te	ach	ers	5	5	-0			2					
	1 H O		1	7.	17.5	36,6	+19.1	A 9				1%			
١(Pupi etio	VEL	2	78	2.4	17.8	+ 15.4	A %		43.8		~ /*			
-	उर्म मुठ्	LEV	3	%	0	1.6	+ 1.6	в %		Sal		11%	1		
. 1	% CO	•	4	Z	0	0	-0-			58.1					



85
Ø = No Change

- 1/	ria i	y 19	,, Uy	* * OB	- 9	by bisting	, <i>by</i>	500							
-TI	RICT	BOL	aR	1979 Jan.	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	BCPM	, –-	79 an•	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
	er	Sch	ools					1	1	1	•0		1		-0-
,	Numb of	Cla	ssrooms			<u> </u>	·		6	6	-0-		6	0	-0-
	×	Chi	ldren			M		111	14	117	+ 3		117	117	-0-
Ĵ			chers		1	4			5	5	-0-		,		-0-
	H 6		1 %		11						ļ	~			
ah	up	13	2 %	V			A %	11	1.1	18.2	+7.1	I %	8.7	33	+24.3
1	f I	LEVEL	3 %		·		В %	1,				11%	_		. 26 .=
	% of Pupil Completion	۳.	4 %				2 %	ط ا	.4	13.9	+ 7.5	/0	15	53.5	+38.5
	(,								
		-		<u> </u>			-11	.		<u> </u>		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	er E	Sch	nools	5	5	0			5	5	0		3	3	-0-
)	Number of	Cla	ssrooms	22	24	+2			17	17	-8-		8	8	D
3	X	Chi	ldren	487	519	+32			392	392	-0-		181	182	+1
سنطف			achers	22	24	+ 2] ;	22	20	- 2		18	18	10
	17 00 01		1 %	13.6	20	+6,4		e, ·		25.0		r %			
-45	Pup ef1	EL	2 %	8.5	14.4	+5.9	^	%	9.7	25.3	+5.6	- /0	30	29.7	13
1	% of Pupil Completion	LEVEL	3 %	3	9.9	+6.9	В	%		202	. 2 0	112	6 7,,	10,0	1,200
3	Con		4 %	1.7	4.2	1			6.4	20.2	+3.8	1	24.	151.7	1 + 27.5
			•	•			•						, 👞		
•		+		 	· · · · ·	†	-11				7	- } 	- 		
_	ber	1	ools		 								<u> </u>		
*	Number of	l	escions							<u> </u>					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			ildren		₹0		<u> </u>			ļ		<u> </u>	1		
.1		1	achers							 	<u> </u>		1		
-	141 [01		1 %		1	,	- A	%		1		I s	8		
-	Pug	品	2 %	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			"		ļ	<u> </u>	_	_		1
_	96 191	LEVEL	3 %		<u> </u>		В	%				II	8		
	% of Pupil Completion		4 % "	1						<u>L</u>	<u></u>	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1		
_							•								
#	[H	1 6.	hoo! d	1	i	 	1	 -			1	-11			
-Ē	Number		hools	 		ļ				-				_	
	Eng.	1	assrooms	-			-		· - 				_	}	
_	}	ļ	ildren		-	.	-	_	······································						
			achers	-			- 			-					
	% of Pupil Completion		1 %	<u> </u>			- A	%		-		I	7. I	.	
	Pu	VEL	2 %			<u> </u>				-				-	
	a g	LEVEL	3 %				В	%				II	%		-
=	<u>× 8</u>		4 %	1		1	Щ			1	1		_1		
•												•			



86

59

Ø = No Change

	Changes in Program Utilization and Percentage of Pupil	L Completion	from January	1979	to
Х	May 1979 by Program, by District, by State.				

T	RICT	EOI	LaR		1979 Jan.	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	ВСРМ	1979 Jan•	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	<u>T&R</u>	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-Ma
	er	Sch	loor	s					12	2	0				
٠.	Numb of	Cla	assī	cooms			\wedge		10	10	0				<u>\(\).</u>
_ '	N	Ch:	ildr	en		. \	X		221	221	0			1	(
7		·Te	Children				1		8	8	0			N	
3	upil tion	H	$\frac{1}{2}$	%	-)		A %	13.3	24.2	+10.9	I %			
, -Ĵ	of Pomple	LEVEL	3	% ·%	*			в %	9.6	23.7	+14.1	II %			
	80		ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		1	 		 		*					

e K	Sch	nools	6	6	-0		/	/	e		ND	ND	
Numb	Cla	assrooms	12	12	Ø · ·		1	2	+/		1		
Ž	Ch	ildren	302	309	+7		33	63	+30				
1	Te	achers	12	7	- 5		1	2	+ /				
48		1 %	7.8	14.6	+6.8	A %	I	0 " 3	اسم حم	I %			
Pupi	VEL	2 %	3.8	10.5	+6.7	A %	34	28,3	-3,7				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
of omp1	LEV	3 %	2.4	5.6	+3,2	В %		0	6	11%	1	V.	
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	·	4 %	2	5.5	+3.5								L

	er	Scl	100	ls	1	1	0		Ī	1	/	6		. /	1	-0-
- 5		Cla	ıssi	rooms	4	4	4			4	4	-0		4	4	0
13	Num's of	Chi	ild	ren	///	111	0		ij	120	119	/		115	119	+4
(Q)		Te	ach	ers	4	4	8		\top	.4	4	-0-		4	4	e
-5	ਜ ਵ		1	7.	29.9	36,5	+6.6						т %		16 0	
3	Pup	H	2	7	9.7	31,3	+21.6	A	%	5.5	32.7	+27.2	2 70	25,2	47.7	t24.5
Ž	of P mplè	LEVEL	3	%	3.8	5.7	+1.9	В	%		20 1	. (7.0	11%	1,2,2	207 5	
S	% CO:::)-1	4	%	0	0	0-			11.6	17.7	+17.8		112.2	37.5	+25.
·		L	1		1.4	\$ accesses and a	\$ t	*		<i></i>						·

		·						t						 	
	er	Scl	100]	ls		/	-0- 1			ı				 	
	Numb of	Cla	3551	enroos	6	6	رور					Δ		 	<u>.</u>
- 1	×	Χ	Įd1	cen	183	187	74					1		 	7,
3		Te	ach	ers	6	6	-O.				$-V_{j}$	\		 N	
3	41 02		1	%	0	5,9	+5,9	٨	ý.				1%	1	
3	Pup et1	EL	2	%	0	6.3	+6.3	A	<i>/</i> 3					 <u> </u>	
	40	> .	3	%	0	2.1	+2.1	∤ B	%	·			11%	,	
	6 O C	j ·	4	%	0	1.6	+1.6			ł					



87

Ø = No Change

X	Ma	y 1979 by	Prog	ram,	by Distric	t, by	State.					`	
- •	RICT	EOLaR	1979 Jan.	1979 May	Changes Jan-Nay	BCPM	1979 Jan.	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May
-	er	Schools	/	1	-0			/	-0		1		-0
	Numb of	Classrooms	4	4	B		4	4	-0-		4	11	-6
1	ž	Children	107	107	-0-		107	105	+1		107	108	+/
1		Teachers	4	4	- July -		4	4	سختعد		4	4	-0-
weed?	<u> </u>	1 %	33.1	41.4	+8.3							-	
	Pupil etion		4,2	27.4	+ 23.2	A %	24.8	49.4	124.6	T %	21.7	41.2	+19.5
3	? P	2 % 3 %	9.8	1.1	+ 5.3	- 91				~~~~			·
247	of ompl	4 %	0	15,1 4,5	+ 4,5	В %	13.7	44.4	+30.7	II %	11.7	33.5	+21.8
.	N U			Ti3		L	<u> </u>	ا	L			l	
E			_								7		
/	er	Schools	17	17	-6		1 /	1/	0		11	1/	10
	Numb of	Classrooms	6	6	-0	 	12	12	-0		8	10	+2
	Nu	Children	141	144	+3			60			159		148
/		Teachers	6	1	1	<u> </u>	60	160	-0	<u> </u>	3	14	
<u>.</u>	t to	·····	1 :	120.1	20°	<u> </u>	 	-}		∄	10	+ 7	+ /
~	Pupi etio		27.4	28.4	+1.0	A %	63.6	63.6	2	I %	16	14.7	+28.
4	Pr let		16.4	22.8	+6.4	 	100.6	100,6		 	-		
-3	% of E	3 %	6	16.4	+10.4	B %	14.8	42.2	+27.4	IIX	0	0	-0-
	8 <u>0</u>	4 %	1.7	13.6	+13,2	l		٠	1	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	٠	L
_						•							
1	Li .	Schools	1	T:-	1	11		1 7	1	1		1	7
=,	mbe: O£	·	1 /	1-/-	-0-			1/	- 0	 	1-/	1-1-	-0.
-)	Number of	Classrooms	1	12	-0		12	12	-0			1	0
x . 20.		Children	44	44	-0-	<u> </u>	145		-/	┦	23	123	
X:-		Teachers	2	1.2			12	2	-0-		1/		0
3	1 lon	1 %	20.7	27	76.3	Α ;		21.1	. 10 3	1 2	0	0	e
7,5	% of Pupil Completion	2 %	5	11.9	+6.9	ļ	20.8	31.1	+10.3	 	1_		
•	45 E	2 % 3 %	0	12.4	+2.4	В 2	4.4	16.7	1,122	11%	0	0	0
	% D	4 %	0	1.1	41,1	1	1		+12.3	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
ı						•		• •	4				<i>/</i>
7	H	Schools	1/	1/	-0-	1	1 /	17	10	1	1		
4	Number		3	1:3	-0		3	1.3	-00		_}		
大ではから大	N N	Children		84	1	-	85	· 	20			- - 	1/1
33		Teachers	85 3	3	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			3	100		- 	N	\
_	न ह	1		-+	-0	╣	3	1-3-	1 20			4-1-	
- 52×	of Pupil	$ \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{2}{7} \end{vmatrix} $	25,2	T		- A	7	25,8	+18,8	1 %	8 1	(1)	
3	le t	2 % 2 % 3 %	6	9.2	T			_		_		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Ľ	J C	3 %	3.1	12.6	49.5	B :	8 7 9	31.	+ 284	II	%	1	

ERIC Full Box I Provided by ERIC

88

7)		y 19	79 by	Prog	ram,	by Distric	t, by	\$	tate.					. •	
	RICT	BOY	aR	1979	1979 May	Changes	BCPN	~ ~	9 79	1979	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-Ma
	H	Sch	cols	Jan.	/	Jan-Nay			Jan.	May	Jan-May		Jan /	7 T	Jan-He
-,	Numb	Cla	ssiooms	10	10	0	t,						5	5	-6
1/2	Ž	Chi	.ldren	223	222	-/				1			144	1151	+ 17
_J1		Tea	chers	10	10	-0-				N		,8	2	2	0
3/2/2	ton fon		1 %	24.3	51,4	+27.1	A %	,		1	,	I %	111	48,5	+34,5
3	Pul	LEVEL	2 %	3.9	27	+23.1			1				14	70,3	7 3 7, 3
4	% of Pupil Completion	EE.	3 %	3	8.6	+ 5.6	B - %	٤	Ì			II %	0	34,2	+34.6
_	<u> </u>	لـــــا	4 %	0	. 4	+.4			1						
						•	•								
	G T	Scl	nools	2	2	0		-	2.	2	0		2	12	0
	Numb		ssrooms		2	0			4	4	e		6	6	444
46	~	Chi	lldren	239	258	+19			157	157	0		179	179	0
		Tea	achers	7	2	-0-			4	4	0		6	6	0
16.	Pup11 et1on		1 %	20.7	34.4	+13.7	A	%	0	0	-0	Iz	0	10	-0
7	Pu	LEVEL	2 %	5.4	20,9	+15,5								-	
	% of I	H	3 %	2,5	8.3	+5.8	В	%	0	0	0	11%	0	0	0
· {	80 J		4 %	13.8	8.7	+ 4, 9	ll]	L,		1	J	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u> </u>
-			•			€					•				
┺	Number of		ools		1	-0.			ND	NO					
	cin.		isgrooms	4	4	-9'				1			<u> </u>	1	
7	2		ildren	115	111	-4	<u> </u>			_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1_	
-,		Te	achers	4	4	-0						#		\mathcal{M}	<u> </u>
<i>.</i> *	15d 10g		1 %	19.2	28.7	+9.0	A	%				1 %	3	Y	
Ç	% of Pupil Completion	revel	2 % 3 %	8,3	17.5	1					<u> </u>	-			<u>''</u>
	o f	田山		3.8	25,3		В	%	V	1		11%			
	80		4 %	10	118.6	+18.6	ļ			l	1	<u> </u>	.1		
7	44														
	er	Scl	nocls	ND	1				ND	NO					
3	Number of	l	assrooms		4										1_0
Merco)			ildren	1	111		<u> </u>	· ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			1/1
)		1	achers		4		#			_ _				1.1	1/
`	ipt1		1 %		5.8		A	%				1 %	: (() 1	7
- ₽}	Pu et	LEVEL	2 % 3 %		21					 		_	_	Y	2
	-				1367	1 .	В	%		1.1.	3	II	% l	i	
ヺ	% of Pupil Completion	H	3 % 4 %	14	28.5		- B	70		1 1	İ	1	/o ·	1	

ERIC

Qij

										•	*	A		
FT	RICT	BO	LaR	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	ВСРМ	1979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-May	T&R	1,979 Jan	1979 May	Changes Jan-Ma
1	9	Sc	hools	2	2	-O		1 /	1 /	-0-			,	<u> </u>
-	Numb of	C1	assrooms	9	9	e		13	3	-0-				
	N.		ildren	280	281	+ /		50	50	-0-			W	
5			achers	8	8	-0"	<u> </u>		1	-0-	Ii		177	
インプ	न ह	,	1 %		50.8	+26.5		1					4	
2	% of Pupil Completion	أجيرا		11/ 3	47.6	+33.4	A %	42.8	89.1	+46.3	I %	O		•
1741	e P	LEVEL	3 %									· \ /	0	
' '	00	7	4 %		26.7	+11	В %	0	23,8	+23.8	II %			
į	18 C)	L	<u> </u>	.5		7 16.6	l	1	L		L		بــــا	
										•				
· Ì	er	Sc	hools	1	<u> </u>	1 .	1	1	1	1.	1	T .	7	
	Numb of		assrooms	1	1		 			1	1	1	1	
٥	Nt	·	ildren	1	1		1	- 	1	1		-	1	
ł			achers	†				1	-	-	1	1		
-	न द्व		1. %	1	-	 	11		-		┪	 	<u> </u>	
	upi tro	1,3		 	1		A :	%			I %			
	% of Pupil Completion	LEVEL	3 %		1		#				1 12	 	-	
-	o di	胃。	4 %	 	 	-	В	%			11%			
	% O	L	1 %	ــــبـ	1	L		-:]			1	1	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	J
			بأ							•				
· 1	H	Sc	hools	1		1		1	$\neg \leftarrow$	T	1	7	1	1
-	of of		assrooms	 		,			+		-	+	-	
-	Number of	t	iddren		 					'	-	 	 	
_		<u></u>	achers	1	 		1			<u> </u>	1		- -	
1	न द		·				<u> </u>		-	-	7			
	% of Pupil Completion		1 %	-			A	%		•	Ì %	\$ } ,	1	• .
_	Pi	LEVEL	2 %	 	 			,			-			-
=	of Jinp	띰	l	 	<u> </u>		В	%	}		11%			
-	<u> </u>	ـــــــ	4 %	J	1	<u> </u>	1		.1	1	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1		La,
			•				,							<i>(</i>
~	H	Sr	hools	1	1		1		<u> </u>	ļ	311	7		T
-	Number of	-	assrooms	-	-}	 	-					-	- }	
•	N.	- C.	ildren	1	 	l								· ·
]		eachers				·		_		<u> </u>		-	1
-	H 6	1		-	<u> </u>	 			-					
•	70.07		$\frac{1}{2}$				A	%			1 7 2	ζ \		
	% of Pupil Completion	LEVEL	2 %	 	 							_		
-	o fi		3 %	 			B	%			II	%		
	<u> </u>	1	4 %	1		1	,	_ L		1		1		1
_			— ,- -, .			•			1					
• •	RIC		•					90	Q_{ij}				•	
. H	KI(<i>.</i> /()				•		

Ø = No Change

Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State

Δ	D	۲	Z	U	N	Δ
n	\mathbf{r}		_	•		л

	`• <u>`</u>	ARIZU	AV	.1		• • • • •
	BOL	aR ·	BC	PM	, /1&	R
DISTRICT	-1978-79	1979-80	1978-79		1978-79	*1979-80
Avondale	X	0,	K.	0	0	0
Bonita	×	x (**)	x	0	x	X
Glendale	x	x .	x	x	x	X
Globe	X C	0	x	, 0	х	х
Kyrene	x	x	X .	x	- x	0 (
Laveen	x	x	X	X .	x	·x
Naco	x	x '-/	X	х	x ·	X
Parker	x	, X ,	· x	0	X	. 0
Peoria	x	. x	x	- x	′ 0	0
Santa Cruz,	x	0	x	, 0	0	х
Solomonville	x	, x	x	∂ X	· X	х
Sunnyside —	X	ο ΄	x '	0 1	х	0
TOTAL	12		12	6	9	7
TOTAL *		ĺ				,
			∤ , ·			
			1			
		.0				,
	.					

^{*1979-80} T&R Materials that were sent to Districts are actually from SEDL/BSLC's 1978-79 inventory.

ERIC

92 25

Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State

CALIFORNIA

	BOL	aR	, BC	PM	T&	R
DISTRICT	1978-79	1979-80	1978-79	1979-80	1978-79	*1979-80
Biola	X	0 .	х	0	х	0
Brawley	x	x	x	$\mathbf{x}_{:}$	х	x
Calexico	x	x	x ·	X	х	X
Calipatria (dropped)	0	0 ,	X .	o ⁽	х	0
Earlimart	x	×	o	0	Ö	0
El Centro	, x	X O	х	х	x	X .
Fowler	0	ò	х	х	, o	0
Gustine	x	0	0	0	. 0	0
Heber	x	х	x	X	0	0
Imperial	x	Х	x	0	. x	х
Kings River	x	X	x	0	0	0
Le Grand	x	х	х	х	0	0
Madera	0	0	x	х	0	. 0
Mendota	0	0	x	0	х	х
Planada	x	х	.0	0	0	0
· Selma	x	0	x	0	0	0
Porterville	x	х	0	0	0	0
Woodville	x	x	x '	0	0	0
TOTAL	14	11	14	7	7	5

^{*1979-80} T&R Materials that were sent to Districts are actually from SEDL/BSLC's 1978-79 inventory.



Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State

COLORADO

	1	COLORA		inia :	70	<u>n</u>
DICTRICT	B0L 1978-79	ак 1979-80	1978-79	PM 1979-80	1978-79	R *1979-80
DISTRICT	1970-79	1979-60	1976-79	1575-00	1370 73	1373-00
Brighton	x	х	х	0	×	X
Centennial	х	0	х	0	x	0
Ft. Lupton	x	Х.,	х	X	Х	х
Greeley	х	. 0	х	0	х	0
Harrison	х	х	х	0	X ·	х
Huerfano	x	0	. 0	0	0	0
Trinidad	×	, x	x	х	x	X .
TOTAL	7	°4	6	. 2	6	4
	•					

^{*1979-80} T&R Materials that were sent to Districts are actually from SEDL/BSLC's 1978-79 inventory.



9.7

Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State

NEW MEXICO

		NEW MEX	100			· ·
DISTRICT	1978-79	aR 19 79 -80	BC 1978-79	P M 19 79- 80	T8	iR 1*1979-80
				•		
Gadsden	X	Х	0 47	0	X	0
Lordsburg	X x	х	0	0	х	0
Pecos	x	х	x	` x	x	x
Portales	x	x	x	x	х	o
Raton	0	. 0	x	x	x	X ~
W. Las Vegas	x	x	x	· x	x	x
			٤.			
,						
				,		,
TOTAL	5	5	. 4	4	- 6	3
						,
9						
		2 7				·
1.						

^{*1979-80} T&R Materials that were sent to Districts are actually from SEDL/BSLC's 1978-79 inventory.



98

Number of Sites Receiving Materials in 1978-79 and 1979-80 by Program, by State

TEXAS .

	4		XAS			
•	BOL	.aR	BC	PM	T.8	¥R
DISTRICT	1978-79	1979-80	1978-79	1979-80	1978-79	*1979-80
Alice	0	0	x	x	0	<u>o</u>
Eagle Pass	x	x	X.	0 .	x	° 0
Edcouch-Elsa	x	x	x	÷	x	Х
Hondo .	· x	х	0	0	0	0
La Feria	x	х	, x	X.	x	x
La Joya	x	х	x	. x	x	x
Levelland	x	Х,	х	· x	×	0
Los Fresnos	x	х	х	0	0	0
Mission	x	х	0	0	X	0
Progreso	x	х	x	x	x	x
Rio Hondo	x .	0	x	. 0	0	0
San Benito	x	x	x	0	0	0
Zapata	x	х	X x	х	0	0
			٠			
TOTAL	12	11 .	11	7	7	4
						·
					-	
	11	1	H]	4	ł

^{&#}x27;1979-80 T&R Materials that were sent to Districts are actually from SEDL/BSLC's 1978-79 inventory.



Persons Attending SEDL Training by Roles, Numbers submitting BSLC Reports, Numbers conducting CSE Testing

ARIZONA

	•		• •					
_j		Persons A	ttending	Training	#'s Submitt	ing Reports*	#'s Conduction	ng CSE Testing
	District	# of Teachers	# of Princi- pals	# of Coord- inators	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained by SEDL	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained by SEDL
1	Avondale	7	0	0	2	5	0	2 .
	Bonita	3 ∞	0	1	. 3	2	0	0
	Glendale	48	1	1	4	1	0	o °
	Globe	4	0	. 0	3	1	0 :	0
	Kyrene	3	1**	-	1	14	0	, Q
7	Laveen	2 .	Ó	1	1,	21.	0	0
	Naco	14	o	1	5	. 6	0	, O
	Parker	25	o	0 '	7	7	. 0	0
-	Peoria	11	O	1	6	3	2	0
	Santa Cruz	5	o	1	4	5	0	0
-	Solomon- ville	7	1**	-	5	4	2	1
7	Sunnyside	32	0	0	19	20	3 .	2
	TOTAL FOR ARIZONA	161	3	6	60	89	7	5
	1							

^{*}Reports include PPIFs, CSE Survey Forms & District Information Forms **Also Coordinator



98 (00)

Persons Attending SEDL Training by Roles, Numbers submitting BSLC Reports, Numbers conducting CSE Testing

CALIFORNIA

rersons A	TEPNOINE					AM I'VIN' INAAME
# of Teachers	# of Princi- pals	# of Coord- inators				Not Trained by SEDL
9.	1**	-	6	3	0	. 0
6	0	1 .	2	20 .	0	. •0
8	0	. 0	5	0 :	0	0.
7	0	1	.7	0	5	2 .
32	1.	1 .	12	14	-0	0
` 2 _"	0	1	, 3	. 14	1	. 4
0	0	1,	0	6	0	. 0
8	0	1	3	6	· 0	0
. 8	0 .	ð	4	5	0	0
2	0	· 1	2	5	1	4
9	0	0	4	7	。2	2 .
· 3	0	1	1	. 7	1	7
6	ó	1	5	6	2	2 .
11	0	1	8	1	4	0
3	0	1	. 2	1	O	0
. 11 .	0	1	6	4	3	1
6	o	1	3	5	, 2	3
131	2	13	73	104	21	25
	9 6 8 7 32 0 8 8 2 9 3 6 11 3 11	Teachers Princi-pals 9 1** 6 0 8 0 7 0 32 1 2 0 0 0 8 0 2 0 9 0 3 0 11 0 3 0 11 0 6 0 11 0 6 0	Teachers Principals Coordinators 9 1** - 6 0 1 8 0 .0 7 0 1 32 1 1 2 0 1 8 0 0 8 0 0 2 0 1 9 0 0 3 0 1 11 0 1 3 0 1 11 0 1 11 0 1 6 0 1 11 0 1 6 0 1	Teachers Principals Coordinators SEDL 9 1** - 6 6 0 1 2 8 0 .0 5 7 0 1 7 32 1 1 12 2 0 1 3 0 0 1 3 8 0 1 3 8 0 1 2 9 0 1 2 9 0 0 4 3 0 1 5 11 0 1 8 3 0 1 8 3 0 1 6 11 0 1 6 6 0 1 3	Teachers Principals Coordinators SEDL by SEDL 9 1** - 6 3 6 0 1 2 20 8 0 0 5 0 7 0 1 7 0 32 1 1 12 14 2 0 1 3 14 0 0 1 3 6 8 0 0 4 5 2 0 1 2 5 9 0 0 4 7 3 0 1 7 6 11 0 1 8 1 3 0 1 8 1 3 0 1 8 1 3 0 1 8 1 3 0 1 6 4 4 6 0 </td <td>Teachers Principals Coordinators SEDL by SEDL SEDL 9 1** - 6 3 0 6 0 1 2 20 0 8 0 .0 5 0 0 7 0 1 7 0 5 32 1 1 12 14 0 2 0 1 3 14 1 0 0 1 3 6 0 8 0 1 3 6 0 8 0 1 2 5 1 9 0 1 2 5 1 9 0 4 7 2 3 0 1 5 6 2 11 0 1 8 1 4 3 0 1 6 4 3 <td< td=""></td<></td>	Teachers Principals Coordinators SEDL by SEDL SEDL 9 1** - 6 3 0 6 0 1 2 20 0 8 0 .0 5 0 0 7 0 1 7 0 5 32 1 1 12 14 0 2 0 1 3 14 1 0 0 1 3 6 0 8 0 1 3 6 0 8 0 1 2 5 1 9 0 1 2 5 1 9 0 4 7 2 3 0 1 5 6 2 11 0 1 8 1 4 3 0 1 6 4 3 <td< td=""></td<>

^{*}Reports include PPIFs, CSE Survey Forms & District Information Forms **Also Coordinator



Persons Attending SEDL Training by Roles, Numbers submitting BSLC Reports, Numbers conducting CSE Testing

COLORADO

				OOFÓWADO			
	Persons A	Attending	Training	#'s Submit	ing Reports*	#'s Conducti	ng CSE Testing
District	# of Teachers	# of Princi- pals	# of Coord- inators	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained by SEDL		Not Trained by SEDL
•		,					
Brighton	`3	0.	1	1	50	• 0	.0;
Centennial	3	1**	_	3	. 9	· 2	3 '
Ft. Lupton	21	0	1	12	15	9	· 9
Greeley ·	9 :	, 1	1	8	. 18	. 4	′ 5
Harrison	20 .	0 -	1	5~8	5	10	9
Huerfano	12	1	1	2	22	0 . •	0
Trinidad	14	1	1	7	15	4	4
] -				c		·	b
TOTAL FOR COLORADO	82	4	6	- 41	134	29	30
]	E .			*			

^{*}Reports include PPIFs, CSE Survey Forms & District Information Forms **Also Coordinator



Persons Attending SEDL Training by Roles, Numbers submitting BSLC Reports, Numbers conducting CSE Testing

NEW MEXICO

		ttending		#'s Submitt	ing Reports*		ng CSE Testing
District	# of Teachers	# of Princi- pals	# of Coord- inators	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained by SEDL	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained by SEDL
							•
Gasden	41 -	1	1	18	30	0	0°
Lordsburg	2	0.	1	3	3 .	0 ,	0
Pecos	7	1**	-	8	1.0	4 '	° 5 .
Portales	11	1	1	9	5 :	4	1
Raton	1	0	1	. 2	10	0	4
W. Las Vegas	. 39	0	1	28	23	. 0	0
-						••	
TOTAL FOR NEW MEXICO	101	3	. 5	68	81	8	<i>i</i> 10
]	vio				o	•	•

^{*}Reports include PPIFs, CSE Survey Forms & District Information Forms
**Also Coordinator



Persons Attending SEDL Training by Roles, Numbers submitting BSLC Reports, Numbers conducting CSE Testing

TEXAS

•		•	•	IEXA2	, .	``	
	Persons A	Attending	Training	#'s Submitt			ng CSE Testing
District	# of Teachers	# of Princi- pals	# of Coord- inators	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained hy SEDL	Trained by SEDL	Not Trained by SEDL
Alice	.2	0	0	1	19	. 0	0
Eagle Pass	5	^ o	1	0	27	ò	0
Edcouch- Elsa	27	.1	1	11	. 10	- 2	5
Hondo	9	0	O	6	6	. 0	0
La Feria	16	" 0	- 1	4	۵ 5	1	3 . "
La Joya	20	0	1	9 -	14	· · 0 · ·	0
Levelland	14	0	1	, 6	0	· 0	0
Los Fresnos	3	0	0	0	9	. 0	2
Mission	31	0	0	10	19	3	4
Progreso	3	0	1	0	24	, 0	,0
Rio Hondo	.6	0	0.	0 '	7	, '0	· 0
San Benito	2	1	1	2 '	. 4	2	2
Zapata	3	0 .	1	2	12	0	* 0
TOTAL FOR TEXAS	141 ·	2	8	51	156	8	16
,							

^{*}Reports include PPIFs, CSE Survey Forms & District Information Forms



